

2008/09 HUNTING & TRAPPING

2008 Deer, Fall Turkey, Upland Hunting and 2009 Spring Turkey Regulations

Waterfowl regulations, seasons and bag limits are in a separate publication



www.iowadnr.gov

This booklet is not a complete set of hunting laws. It contains rules and regulations most likely needed for hunting in Iowa. However, it is not a complete list of all hunting regulations nor is it a legal document. For more information visit www.iowadnr.gov or contact the DNR Central Office in Des Moines at 515-281-5918.

Table of Contents

Changes to Hunting Regulations	3	Hunting and Trapping Furbearers	18
License Fees	3	Deer Hunting Information.....	21
Hunting and Trapping Seasons/Limits.....	4	Prohibited Devices	22
Deer Hunting and Antlerless Quotas.....	5	Legal Method of Take	23
Fall/Spring Turkey Hunting	6	Deer License Options.....	25
Hunting License Requirements	7	Bonus Deer Hunts.....	26
Licenses, Fees and Stamps Required.....	8	Landowner-Tenant Reduced Fee Licenses	27
License Not Required	9	Tagging Requirements	28
Landowner and Tenant Licenses	9	Deer Population Management Hunts	29
General Hunting Regulations.....	11	HUSH Lockers	32
Use of CB or Mobile Transmitter	12	Fall Wild Turkey Information.....	33
Transporting Firearms.....	13	2009 Resident Spring Turkey Hunting	34
Deer-Turkey Harvest Reporting.....	14	Nonresident Deer, Spring Turkey Hunting	36
Motor Vehicle Restrictions.....	15	Chronic Wasting Disease	40
ATV Use and Hunting.....	15	Taxidermy	41
Wildlife Refuges	16	Dog Restrictions.....	41
WMAs Requiring Non-toxic Shot	16	Feral Hogs.....	42
Multiple Offender	17	Wildlife Office Phone Numbers.....	43
Liquidated Damages	17	Conservation Officers	44
Upland Game Hunting Information.....	18	Sunrise-Sunset Table.....	45

You need the resident or nonresident licenses and stamps listed below to hunt or trap in Iowa. All licenses, fees and stamps must be carried on your person while hunting or trapping.

R = Resident NR = Nonresident ✓ = License or fee required Blank = Not required

Type of Hunter	Type of License															
	Hunting		Furharvester ^{3,5}		Deer		Turkey		Habitat Fee ⁶		Fed. Migratory		Iowa Migratory			
	R	NR	R	NR	R	NR	R	NR	R	NR	R	NR	R	NR		
Under 16	1	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓						
Age 16 to 64	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
65 and Older	2	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
Disabled Veteran	2	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	10	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
Landowner or Tenant	3	3,9	3	3	✓	✓	✓	✓		9	4	✓	4	✓	4	✓
Small Game	✓	✓							✓	✓			7	7		
Waterfowl	✓	✓							✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
Turkey	✓	✓					✓	✓	✓	✓						
Furbearer			✓	✓					✓	✓						
Deer	✓	✓			✓	✓			✓	✓						
Military Stationed in Iowa	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
Military Personnel on Leave	8	✓	8	✓	8	✓	8	✓	8	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		

¹License not required for residents under 16 if accompanied by a licensed adult (18 years or older). See page 9. ²Lifetime hunting license available to residents who qualify. Deer and Turkey licenses, Iowa Migratory Game Bird Fee and Federal Waterfowl Stamp must be purchased annually. ³License not required for qualifying resident and nonresident landowners or tenants or their juvenile children when hunting or trapping on their own land. See page 9. ⁴Unless under 16 years old. ⁵Required for hunting and trapping all furbearers, except coyote and groundhog, which may also be taken on a hunting license. ⁶Except residents under 16 or over 65. See wildlife habitat fee on page 8. ⁷Needed to hunt ducks, geese, gallinule, rails, snipe and woodcock. ⁸See pages 7 and 9. ⁹Hunting license and habitat fee required for all nonresidents hunting deer and turkey. ¹⁰Residents issued a disabled veteran lifetime hunting license are exempt from the habitat fee.

Highlights of the Changes to the 2008-2009 Hunting Regulations

Deer that are shot with bullets containing lead can have particles of lead remaining in the meat, some too small to be seen or felt. For precautions about lead in venison, see p. 42.

The percentage of hunters successfully reported their deer and turkey harvest declined from the previous year. Hunters are reminded that they are required by law to report their harvest. See p. 14.

The Iowa DNR is finalizing a new electronic licensing system that may debut during the 2009 spring turkey season. If so, hunters will have

new tags and other new features to acquaint themselves. The DNR will have information out before the system is live and how to use the new look tags.

The 2008 Iowa Legislature passed a law requiring hunters who harvest a buck with an antler longer than seven inches, to place the tag on an antler, if possible. See p. 28.

This regulations book has added colored tabs to help find information more quickly.

Licenses and Fees

RESIDENTS

Hunting	\$17.50
Habitat Fee (Ages 16 to 65).....	\$11.50
Migratory Game Bird Fee.....	\$8.50
Furharvester License (Age 16 and older)...	\$21.00
Furharvester License (Under 16)	\$6.00
Hunting Preserve.....	\$6.00
Lifetime Hunting (Age 65 and older)	\$51.00
Lifetime Combination Hunting and Fishing	\$5.50
(Disabled military veteran or P.O.W.)	

Resident Deer and Turkey Licenses

Paid Wild Turkey License.....	\$23
Landowner - Tenant Wild Turkey License ¹	\$1
Paid Deer License	
Any Deer ²	\$27
Antlerless-only, First License ²	\$27
Antlerless-only, Second License and all others ²	
.....	\$12
Landowner - Tenant Licenses - Farm Unit only	
Any Deer ³	\$2
Antlerless-only ³	\$2
Reduced-fee Antlerless-only ³	\$12

NONRESIDENTS

Hunting (18 years and older)	\$80.50
Hunting (Under 18 years)	\$30.50
Habitat Fee	\$11.50
Migratory Game Bird Fee.....	\$8.50
Furharvester License	\$200.50
Hunting Preserve.....	\$6.00
Falconry	\$26.50

Nonresident Deer and Turkey Licenses

Wild Turkey License	\$100.50
Deer Licenses	
Any Deer with Antlerless-only ⁴	\$323.00
Antlerless-only Deer ²	\$151.50
Holiday Season Antlerless-only ²	\$51.50

¹ Includes \$1 writing fee

² Includes \$1 Help Us Stop Hunger fee (HUSH)

³ Includes \$1 writing fee and \$1 HUSH fee

⁴ Includes \$1 HUSH fee for each license

Donate to Turn In Poachers (TIP)

Hunters and anglers may donate \$2 to the TIP program when purchasing a license. The contribution will help put fish and wildlife poachers out of business.

Hunting Information

Species	Season	Shooting Hours	Bag Limits	
			Daily	Possession
Rooster Pheasant (Youth) ^{1,3}	Oct. 18 - 19	8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.	1	2 ²
Rooster Pheasant	Oct. 25 - Jan. 10, 2009	8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.	3	12
Bobwhite Quail	Oct. 25 - Jan. 31, 2009	8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.	8	16
Gray Partridge	Oct. 11 - Jan. 31, 2009	8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.	8	16
Ruffed Grouse	Oct. 4 - Jan. 31, 2009	Sunrise to Sunset	3	6
Rabbit (Cottontail)	Aug. 30 - Feb. 28, 2009	Sunrise to Sunset	10	20
Rabbit (Jack)	Oct. 25 - Nov. 30	Sunrise to Sunset	1	2
Squirrel (Fox and Gray)	Aug. 30 - Jan. 31, 2009	No Restrictions	6	12
Groundhog ⁵	June 15 - Oct. 31	No Restrictions	No Limit	No Limit
Crow	Oct. 15 - Nov. 30 and Jan. 14 - March 31, 2009	No Restrictions	No Limit	No Limit
Pigeon ⁴	Oct. 1 - March 31, 2009	No Restrictions	No Limit	No Limit
Coyote ^{5,6}	Continuous Open Season	No Restrictions	No Limit	No Limit

Furbearer Seasons⁸

Species	Seasons	Shooting Hours	Daily	Possession
Raccoon, Opossum, Badger, Striped Skunk Fox (Red and Gray)	Nov. 1 - Jan. 31, 2009	8 a.m. on First Day	No Limit	No Limit
Bobcats ⁷	Nov. 1 - Jan. 31, 2009	8 a.m. on First Day	1	1

¹ Residents age 15 or younger ² After first day ³ See p. 18 for complete requirements
⁴ Within 100 yards of buildings and bridges, pigeons may be taken year round
⁵ May be hunted on either a small game or furharvester license. ⁶ See below for trapping information.
⁷ Until the quota is met. Only one bobcat is allowed per season per licensed furharvester, either hunted or trapped. Additional requirements and map on p. 20. ⁸ Furharvester license required.

Furbearer Trapping Information

Species	Season	Trapping Hours	Daily	Possession
Coyote, Mink ³ , Muskrat ³ , Weasel, Striped Skunk, Badger, Opossum, Fox (Red and Gray), Raccoon	Nov. 1 - Jan. 31, 2009	8 a.m. on First Day	No Limit	No Limit
Beaver ³	Nov. 1 - April 1, 2009	8 a.m. on First Day	No Limit	No Limit
Otter ^{1,3}	Nov. 1 - Jan. 31, 2009	8 a.m. on First Day	2	2
Bobcat ²	Nov. 1 - Jan. 31, 2009	8 a.m. on First Day	1	1
Civet Cat (Spotted Skunk), Gray Wolf	Continuous Closed			

¹ Until quota is met. Only two otters are allowed per licensed furharvester. See p. 20.
² Until quota is met. Only one bobcat is allowed per season per licensed furharvester, either hunted or trapped. Additional requirements and map on p. 20.
³ Trapped only.

A furharvester license is required to hunt or trap furbearers, except coyote or groundhog, which may be hunted on a small game license.

Migratory Game Bird Hunting Seasons

Season dates and hunting regulations for ducks, geese, rails, snipe and woodcock
are contained in a separate publication.

2008 FALL WILD TURKEY HUNTING INFORMATION

Nonresidents are not eligible for fall turkey hunting licenses.

Hunters may purchase up to two licenses beginning Aug. 15 through Dec. 5. Hunters may purchase a third license beginning Nov. 1 through the end of the season.

License Types	Season Dates	Combination Gun/Bow Zones and License Quotas	
Combination Gun/Bow ¹	Oct. 13 - Dec. 5	<u>Zone</u>	<u>Quota</u>
Archery Only ²	Oct. 1 - Dec. 5 AND Dec. 22 - Jan. 10, 2009	Zone 4	4,500
		Zone 5	700
		Zone 6	3,000
		Zone 7	400
		Zone 8	150
		Zone 9	200

¹ Sold until quotas are filled.

² Sold until last day of the season. No quota.

Shooting Hours

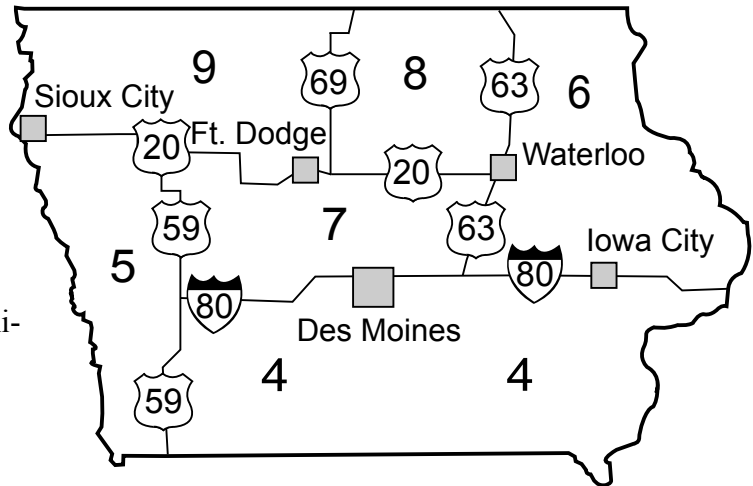
Gun: 1/2 hour before sunrise to sunset

Bow: 1/2 hour before sunrise to 1/2 hour after sunset

Bag Limit: Daily Bag and Season Possession Limit is one wild turkey of either sex for each valid license and transportation tag issued to the hunter.

ZONE 1, ZONE 2 and ZONE 3 have been eliminated. The state forests may still be hunted, but now are in Zone 4 or Zone 6.

FALL TURKEY ZONES



2009 SPRING TURKEY HUNTING

SEASON DATES

Combination Gun/Bow Licenses

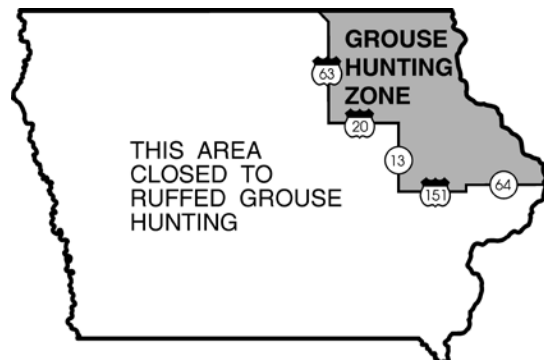
Youth Season (Residents Only)	April 10 - 12
Season 1	April 13 - 16
Season 2	April 17 - 21
Season 3	April 22 - 28
Season 4	April 29 - May 17

Resident Archery-only Licenses: April 13 - May 17

Bag Limit: Daily Bag and Season Possession Limit is one bearded or male wild turkey for each valid license and transportation tag issued to the hunter.

Shooting Hours: 1/2 hour before sunrise to sunset
See p. 34 for Spring Turkey regulations.

Ruffed Grouse Hunting Zone



The Ruffed Grouse hunting zone is that portion of northeast Iowa bordered by U.S. Highway 63, 20 and 151, and Iowa Highways 13 and 64.

HUNTING LICENSE REQUIREMENTS

IMPORTANT

All hunting, fishing, deer and turkey licenses, including lifetime licenses are sold through the Electronic Licensing System for Iowa (ELSI). Licenses may be purchased at more than 900 license sales agents statewide, online at www.iowadnr.gov or over the phone at 1-800-367-1188. Before purchasing a license for the first time, resident and nonresident sportsmen and sportswomen need to be aware of certain requirements.

- Under sections 252J.8 of the Iowa code and 42 U.S. Code 666 (a)(13), the DNR is required to collect social security numbers from all licensees. The primary purposes for gathering this information are to verify identity, to determine applicants' eligibility for licenses, and to provide information to the Iowa Child Support Collection Unit for the purpose of establishing, modifying and enforcing child support obligations. Information may also be provided to law enforcement agencies. Providing a social security number is mandatory when purchasing a conservation license using ELSI for the first time. The social security number will not appear on the license.
- Anyone currently under revocation or suspension for fish or wildlife violations will be denied purchase of a license for the activity in which they are revoked or suspended.

Special Licenses for Residents

- 1) Annual Free Combined Hunting and Fishing licenses are available to residents of Iowa 65 years or older with low income, or residents permanently disabled with low income.
- 2) Lifetime Combination Hunting and Fishing License for Disabled Veterans - Available to Iowa residents who served for a minimum aggregate of 90 days of active federal service, and who was disabled, or who was a prisoner of war during their military service. Disabled means entitled to compensation under United States Code, title 38, chapter 11.

Applications for these special licenses and assistance may be obtained at DNR district offices that sell hunting and fishing licenses, at the DNR central office by calling 515-281-5918, or online at www.iowadnr.gov

HUNTER EDUCATION

Resident and nonresident hunters born after Jan. 1, 1972, must satisfactorily complete a hunter education course in order to obtain a hunting license. A person who is 11 years-old or older may enroll in a course, but those who are 11 and successfully complete the course shall be issued a certificate of completion which becomes valid on that person's 12th birthday. Residents under the age of 12 can be issued deer and turkey licenses, but the youth hunter must be accompanied by and under the immediate control of or direct supervision of a licensed adult hunter.

Call 515-281-5918 or go to www.iowadnr.gov for class dates and locations.

Alternative. A hunter education certificate issued by another state or certain foreign nations will meet the above requirement. Proof of completion is required when purchasing your first Iowa hunting license.

REQUIREMENTS FOR PURCHASING RESIDENT LICENSES

Hunters must meet at least one of the following criteria to purchase a resident hunting or trapping license in Iowa:

1. Have an Iowa driver's license or Iowa non-operator's identification card and have physically resided in Iowa at least 30 consecutive days **immediately** before applying for or purchasing a resident license.
2. Be registered to vote in Iowa. In order to do so, you must meet all of the qualifications to register to vote as outlined in Iowa Code chapter 48A.5.
3. Be a full-time student at an educational institution located in Iowa and reside in Iowa while attending the educational institution.
4. Be a nonresident under 18 years of age whose parent is a resident of Iowa.
5. Be a member of the armed forces of the United States serving on active duty, and: (a) is stationed in Iowa or (b) is stationed outside of Iowa, claims residency in Iowa, and has filed an Iowa income tax return for the preceding tax year.

Dual Residency Not Permitted: Unless you qualify under 3, 4 or 5 in the previous paragraph, you may not purchase Iowa resident hunting licenses if you have done any of the following:

- Have a currently valid resident hunting, fishing, trapping or other recreational license issued in another state or country
- Have a currently valid driver's license issued in another state or country
- Are legally registered to vote in another state or country
- Claim a homestead or other state tax exemption in another state or country
- Are receiving public assistance in another state or country

This is not a complete list. Other privileges claimed as a resident of another state or country may also be disqualifying.

An Iowa resident Hunting License will be invalid if you:

- a) Obtain the license under false pretenses. Providing false information on a deer or wild turkey hunting license invalidates that license and transportation tag and all other deer or turkey licenses/tags obtained during the same year.
- b) Do anything that would forfeit your eligibility for a resident license after the license is obtained, such as moving out of Iowa or purchasing a resident hunting privilege in another state or country.

Licenses, Fees and Stamps Required

Iowa residents 16 years and older, and nonresidents regardless of age, are required to have a valid Hunting License on their person, and have paid all applicable fees and possess all required stamps while hunting.

Wildlife Habitat Fee - Iowa residents who are 16 to 65 years old, and nonresidents regardless of age, who are required to have a Hunting or Furharvester License must pay the Wildlife Habitat Fee to hunt or trap. Residents that have special licenses for the disabled are exempt. See Iowa Code 483A.3 and 483A.4.

Iowa Migratory Game Bird Fee - All residents and nonresidents 16 years and older must pay the Iowa Migratory Game Bird Fee to hunt wild geese, brant, ducks, snipe, rail, woodcock, gallinule or coot. The fee must be paid even if a Hunting License is not required.

Federal Migratory Waterfowl Stamp - All residents and nonresidents 16 years old and older must have a valid Federal Migratory Waterfowl Stamp (duck stamp) on their person while hunting wild geese and wild ducks. The Stamp must be signed across the face by the hunter. The Stamp is required even if a Hunting License is not required.

Deer and Turkey Hunters - Residents and nonresidents who hunt deer or wild turkey must have a valid resident or nonresident Deer or Wild Turkey Hunting License on their person while hunting. Residents must also have a valid resident Hunting License and have paid the Habitat Fee if normally required to have them to hunt. All nonresidents must have a valid nonresident Hunting License and have paid the Habitat Fee. All deer hunters must also pay a \$1 Help Us Stop Hunger (HUSH) fee for each deer license obtained.

Furharvesters - All residents and nonresidents regardless of age must have a Furharvester License to trap or hunt furbearing animals. Residents 16 to 65 years old and all nonresidents regardless of age must also have paid the Habitat Fee. A Hunting License is not needed to hunt furbearers. Coyote and groundhog may be hunted with either a Furharvester License or a Hunting License. Nonresident furharvesters wanting to purchase an Iowa non-resident Furharvester License may do so only if their state of residence also sells a non-resident Furharvester/Trapping License to Iowa residents.

Nonresident Falconry Permit - All nonresident falconers, regardless of age, who intend to hunt with a bird of prey must purchase and have in their possession a nonresident Falconry Permit, a nonresident Hunting License, and have paid the Habitat Fee. These permits are available wherever hunting licenses are sold or may be purchased online at www.iowadnr.gov Call 515-281-5918 for details.

The following persons do not need a Hunting License and/or pay certain fees:

All Participants Must be Licensed - All participants in a hunt must be properly licensed and have paid the appropriate fees. It is up to the discretion of the conservation officer to determine whether or not a person is “participating.” Participation includes, but is not limited to, handling firearms or ammunition during the hunt, trying to attract game, driving, flushing, or locating game, and working dogs.

1a) Residents under 16 years old who hunt under the direct supervision of their properly licensed parent, guardian, or other competent adult with the consent of the parent or guardian do not need a Hunting License or pay the Habitat or Migratory Game Bird fee. One properly licensed adult must accompany each unlicensed hunter under 16 years old.

1b) Residents 12 to 16 years old may hunt without adult supervision, but must have a Hunting License and must have passed a hunter education course (see p. 7 for hunter education training requirements). Fees are not required.

Persons exempted under 1a) or 1b) must have a Deer and Wild Turkey Hunting License to hunt deer and wild turkey.

2) Military personnel that qualify as a resident of Iowa, that are on active duty with the armed forces of the United States, and are on authorized leave from a duty station outside of Iowa, do not need a Hunting License, Deer License, Wild Turkey License, or pay the Habitat Fee. They must possess a Federal Migratory Waterfowl Stamp and pay the Iowa Migratory Game Bird Fee to hunt migratory game birds. They must carry their leave papers on their person while hunting and a copy of their current earnings statement showing a tax deduction for Iowa income taxes for the previous year. They may claim residency in lieu of their earnings statement by being registered to vote in Iowa. If a deer or wild turkey is taken, a conservation officer must be contacted immediately to obtain a transportation tag for the animal. Conservation officer cell phone numbers are listed on p. 44.

3) Persons with a dog entered in a licensed field trial may participate in the event and train their dog on the same area where the

field trial will be held during the 24-hour period immediately preceding the trial.

Hunting Licenses for Landowners and Tenants that Farm Agricultural Land

1) Small game and furbearers. Resident and nonresident owners and tenants that farm agricultural land in Iowa and their juvenile children do not need licenses to hunt and trap on such lands and may shoot by lawful means ground squirrels, gophers, and woodchucks upon adjacent roads. Deer and Wild Turkey Licenses are required to hunt deer and wild turkey. Nonresidents hunting deer or wild turkey must also have a Hunting License and pay the Habitat Fee. Persons exempted under this provision must still possess a valid Federal Migratory Waterfowl Stamp and have paid the Iowa Migratory Game Bird Fee in order to hunt waterfowl and other migratory game birds if they are 16 years old or older.

2) Deer and Wild Turkey. Iowa residents who are owners of agricultural land or tenants that farm agricultural land, or are a spouse or child of the owner or tenant that reside with the owner or tenant, are eligible for reduced-fee deer and wild turkey hunting licenses, commonly called landowner-tenant licenses. Owning land in Iowa does not confer residency. Nonresident landowners and tenants are not eligible for these licenses. See p. 7 for residency requirements.

Landowner-Tenant deer and turkey licenses are valid for taking the appropriate species, but only on the farm unit of the owner or tenant. Registration is required; see p. 11 for details. The qualifying landowner or tenant does not have to reside on the farm, but must qualify under the following definitions:

“**Farm unit**” means all parcels of land that are in tracts of two [2] or more contiguous acres that are operated as a unit for agricultural purposes and are under the lawful control of the landowner or tenant. Parcels of land in a farm unit need not be contiguous, but all will be considered part of a single farm unit regardless of how those parcels are subdivided for agricultural or business purposes. An owner cannot receive a Landowner-

Tenant License on one parcel and a family member receive a Landowner-Tenant License on another, even if the parcels are separate business operations.

“Owner” and “Tenant” definitions

“Family member” means a resident of Iowa who is the spouse or child of the owner or tenant and who resides with the owner or tenant. The child must be less than 18 years old, or may be 18 or 19 if still in high school or participating in a general equivalency degree program.

“Owner” means an owner of a farm unit who is a resident of Iowa and who is one of the following:

- A. Is the sole operator of the farm unit.
- B. Makes all farm operating decisions but contracts for custom farming or hires labor for all or part of the work on the farm unit.
- C. Participates annually in farm operation decisions or cropping practices on specific fields of the farm unit that are rented to a tenant.
- D. Raises specialty crops on the farm unit including, but not limited to, orchards, nurseries or trees that do not always produce annual income but require annual operating decisions about maintenance or improvement.
- E. Has all or part of the farm unit enrolled in a long-term agricultural land retirement program of the federal government.
- F. Rents the entire farm to an adult child who operates the farm.
- G. An owner DOES NOT mean a person who owns a farm unit and who employs a farm manager or third party to operate the farm unit, or a person who owns a farm unit and who rents the entire farm to a tenant who is responsible for all farm operations (unless the renter is the owner’s child).

“Tenant” means a person who is a resident of Iowa and who rents and actively farms agricultural land owned by another person. A member of the owner’s family may be a tenant. Rental includes cash rent and share crop arrangements. A person who works on a farm for a wage and is not a family member does not qualify as a tenant.

Common Landowner/Tenant Scenarios

The following examples illustrate the most common scenarios involving Iowa landowners and tenants and who is eligible for Landowner-Tenant licenses. However, each case must be decided on its own merits.

■ **A husband and wife own land jointly (both names are on the deed).**

■ **The husband is listed as the owner; the wife and/or minor children actively participate in the farm operation but are not tenants as previously described.**

■ **The husband is sole owner of part of the farm unit and the wife is sole owner of another part, but all the land is farmed together as a unit.**

In all three cases, one member of the landowner family may get one Any-deer License. The Antlerless-only licenses for which the family may be eligible may be divided among eligible family members any way they choose.

■ **One spouse owns a parcel of land away from the farm unit that they farm. The spouse’s parcel is farmed by another individual and the spouse is not actively engaged in farming it.**

No Landowner-Tenant License may be granted for the separate parcel since neither spouse qualifies under the definitions listed above. Only the tenant of that parcel may have a Landowner-Tenant License.

■ **The owner cash-rents the entire farm to a tenant who is not the owner’s child.**

Only the tenant may have a Landowner-Tenant License.

■ **A parent owns the land and an adult child farms it.**

Both may qualify if the child pays rent (the parent as landowner, and the child as tenant). Only the child qualifies if there is a formal purchase agreement between the two.

■ **A tenant rents farm land from several owners.**

The tenant or a qualifying member of the tenant’s family may have one Any-deer License. The Antlerless-only Licenses for which the tenant family may be eligible may be divided among the tenant family in any way they choose. All licenses will be valid on all the land the tenant rents.

■ **Farm laborer.**

A farm laborer who is not an eligible member of the landowner or tenant’s family and who works for wages or other compensation is not entitled to a Landowner-Tenant License.

Landowners and Tenants Must Register Before Obtaining Free and Reduced-fee Deer and Turkey Licenses

1) Landowners and tenants of qualifying agricultural land that are eligible to obtain free or reduced-fee deer or wild turkey hunting licenses and their eligible family members must register with the DNR prior to obtaining these licenses.

The ELSI system will not issue free or reduced-fee licenses to persons who are not registered.

See page 9 for eligibility requirements.

2) Registering once will establish eligibility for all free and reduced-fee deer and turkey licenses for three years. The DNR will contact individuals when it is time to renew their registration.

3) Landowners, tenants and their eligible family members must have an ELSI customer record, (purchased at least one license of any type through ELSI) prior to registering. Persons without an ELSI customer record must register the first time through the mail.

Persons with an existing ELSI customer record may register on-line at www.iowadnr.gov or by mail. Instructions and forms can be obtained on-line at www.iowadnr.gov, at DNR offices, at ELSI vendors or by calling 515-281-5918.

Free and reduced-fee licenses are valid only on the farm unit of the landowner or tenant. Hunters that obtain these licenses may also obtain any paid licenses available to other hunters.

GENERAL HUNTING REGULATIONS

Definitions

Please read the definitions of these terms, commonly used in the hunting regulations summary, before referring to the rest of the text.

“Hunting” means any pursuing, hunting, killing, trapping, snaring, netting, searching for or shooting at, stalking or lying in wait for any game, animal, bird or fish protected by the state laws or rules adopted by the commission whether or not such animal is captured, killed or injured.

“Limits” Daily Bag Limit or Possession Limit is the number of a species permitted to be taken or held in a specified time.

“Motor vehicle” means any self-propelled vehicle having at least three wheels and which must be registered as a motor vehicle under Iowa Code Chapter 321.

“Paraplegic” means an individual afflicted with paralysis of the lower half of the body with the involvement of both legs, usually due to disease of or injury to the spinal cord.

“Physically disabled person,” when used in reference to crossbow permits for deer and turkey hunting, means a person having a physical impairment of the upper extremities that makes a person physically incapable of shooting a bow and arrow. This includes difficulty in lifting and reaching with arms as well as difficulty in handling and fingering a bow.

“Physically disabled person,” (nonambula-

tory permit), when used in the Motor Vehicle Restrictions section (see p. 15), means an individual commonly termed paraplegic or quadriplegic, with paralysis or a physical condition of the lower half of the body involving both legs, usually due to disease or injury to the spinal cord; a person who is a single or double leg amputee; or a person with any other physical affliction which makes it impossible to ambulate successfully without the use of a motor vehicle.

“Severely disabled person,” when used in reference to the Disabled Hunter deer season, means a person that qualifies as severely disabled under Iowa Code Chapter 321L.1.8, including those who have difficulty walking due to lung or heart disease or an arthritic, neurological or orthopedic condition.

“One-way mobile radio transmitter” means a radio capable of transmitting a signal but not capable of transmitting a voice signal. The signal may be tracked or located by radio telemetry or located by an audible sound.

“Two-way radio transmitter” means a radio capable of transmitting and receiving voice messages, including, but not limited to, a citizen band radio or a cellular telephone. Two-way radio transmitters would also include walkie-talkies or hand held radios.

“Trespass” means entering property without the express permission of the owner, lessee

or person in lawful possession, with the intent to commit a public offense; to use, remove therefrom, alter, damage, harass, or place anything animate or inanimate, or to hunt, fish or trap on the property, including the act of taking or attempting to take a deer which is on or in the property by a person who is outside the property. The term trespass does not mean entering the right-of-way of a public road or highway. Railroad right-of-ways are considered private property.

This paragraph does not prohibit the unarmed pursuit of game or furbearing animals lawfully injured or killed which come to rest on or escape to the property of another.

Hunting Accidents Must be Reported

Anyone involved in a hunting accident involving a firearm which results in a personal injury or property damage exceeding \$100 must report the accident within 12 hours to the sheriff's office in the county where the accident occurred or to the local conservation officer. If the conservation officer is not immediately available, and it is between normal office hours of 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. M-F, report the incident to the law enforcement bureau of the DNR at the central office in Des Moines at 515-281-5918.

Anyone who intentionally discharges a firearm in a reckless manner is committing an offense, ranging from a simple misdemeanor to a felony, depending on the seriousness of the personal injury or damage to property.

Showing License to Officer

Upon request, you must show your license, certificate or permit to any peace officer or the owner or person in lawful control of the land or water on which you are hunting or trapping. You must have your license, certificate or permit in your possession.

Use of CB or Mobile Transmitter

You cannot use a two-way mobile radio transmitter to communicate the location or direction of game or furbearing animals, or to coordinate the movement of other hunters. (See the definitions of one-and two-way mobile radio transmitters on p. 11 for more information.)

Exceptions: Coyote hunters may use two-way

transmitters, except during the two regular gun (shotgun) deer seasons. A falconer may use a one-way mobile transmitter to recover a free-flying bird of prey that is properly banded and covered on a falconry permit. Hunters with dogs may use a one-way mobile transmitter to track or aid in the recovery of the dog.

Laser Sights are Prohibited

You cannot use laser sights that cast a ray of light on the animal while hunting. (See the exception under the hunting by artificial light section on p. 14.)

Unlawful Transportation

You cannot ship, carry or transport, in any one day, game, fish, birds or animals (except furbearing animals) in excess of the number legally permitted to be possessed, unless authorized by a special license such as a Taxidermy License.

Game Brought into the State

You may possess game that has been lawfully taken outside the state and lawfully brought into the state, but you must be able to prove it was legally killed and legally transported into the state. See p. 40 for big game exceptions.

Retrieval and Waste of Game

While taking or attempting to take game or furbearing animals, you cannot abandon the injured animal without making a reasonable effort to retrieve it from the field. You cannot leave a usable portion of the game or furbearing animal in the field. "Usable portion" in this instance means the following: 1) for game, that part of an animal that is customarily processed for consumption; and 2) for furbearing animals, the fur or hide of the animal.

Possession and Storage of Game and Hides

You cannot possess game or furbearing animals or their pelts, except deer venison, for more than 30 days after the close of the season for that species. A person in lawful possession of deer venison taken with a valid license, may hold the venison until the following September 1. From September 1 until the first day of the next deer open season for which the person holds a valid deer hunting license, the person shall not possess more than 25 pounds of deer venison. Any person may

possess up to 25 pounds of deer venison if the deer was lawfully obtained.

A permit to hold for a longer period may be granted by the DNR. The permit application will be verified in person and show the number and varieties of the skins or hides you may hold. The permit will authorize the holder to sell or otherwise dispose of such skins or hides.

Obstruction of Hunting or Trapping

No one may intentionally obstruct the participation of another in the lawful activity of hunting or trapping, including but not limited to:

A) intentionally placing oneself in a location where human presence may affect the behavior of a furbearing animal, game bird or other game or the feasibility of killing or taking a furbearing animal, game bird or other game with the intent of obstructing or harassing another person who is lawfully hunting or trapping.

B) intentionally creating a visual, aural, olfactory or physical stimulus for the purpose of affecting the behavior of a furbearing animal, game bird or other game with the intent of obstructing or harassing another person who is lawfully hunting or trapping.

C) intentionally affecting the condition or altering the placement of personal property used for the purpose of taking furbearing animals, birds or other game with the intent of obstructing or harassing another person who is lawfully hunting or trapping.

A person shall not interfere with the lawful hunting or trapping activities of another person where hunting or trapping is authorized by a custodian of public property or an owner or lessee of private property. This rule does not prohibit a landowner, tenant or an employee of the landowner or tenant from performing normal agricultural operations or a law enforcement officer from performing official duties.

Blinds

A blind is a constructed place of concealment for hunting, observing or photographing wildlife. You may construct a blind on a game management area using only the natural vegetation found in the area, except that no trees or parts of trees other than willows can be cut for that purpose. The use of such blinds is on a first-come, first-served basis whether or not you constructed the blind.

You cannot drive or otherwise place any nail,

spike, pin or any other object, metal or otherwise, into any tree on a game management area to construct a blind or to make access to a blind or to a hunting location above the ground.

Portable blinds placed in trees and used for purposes other than hunting waterfowl may be left on an area for a continuous period of time from seven days prior to the open season for hunting deer or wild turkey to seven days after the final day of the respective seasons. See p. 22 for deer blinds.

Decoys

Live animals may not be used as decoys for any type of hunting. A “decoy” is a likeness of a bird or animal used to lure game within shooting range.

Selling Game

Except as otherwise provided, you cannot buy or sell, dead or alive, a bird or animal, including fish, or any part of one which is protected. This does not apply to furbearing animals and the skins, plumage and antlers of legally taken game. You cannot purchase, sell, barter or offer to purchase, sell or barter migratory game birds; and for millinery or ornamental use, the same applies to the feathers of migratory game birds.

Unlawful sale

You cannot buy or sell any wild animal or part of a wild animal if the wild animal was unlawfully taken, transported or possessed.

Transporting Firearms

You may not have or carry a shotgun or rifle in a vehicle that is on a public highway, unless the firearm is taken down or totally contained in a securely fastened case with its barrels and magazines unloaded. Handguns must be transported unloaded in a closed container or securely wrapped package too large to conceal on your person or which is not readily accessible to any person in the vehicle. Muzzleloaders must be cased but will be considered unloaded if the cap is removed from the nipple or the priming charge is removed from the pan.

Prohibited Hunting Near Buildings

You cannot discharge a firearm or shoot or attempt to shoot a game or furbearing animal within 200 yards of a building inhabited by people or domestic livestock or a feedlot unless the owner or tenant has given consent to do so. Feedlot means a lot, yard or corral where livestock is confined for the purpose of feeding and growth prior to slaughter. Pastures, hayfields or cropfields where animals are allowed to graze are not considered feedlots.

Protection of Public Hunting Areas

If a public hunting area was in place prior to the construction of an adjacent feedlot or building inhabited by people or livestock and such construction occurred on or after May 14, 2004, then consent is not required to shoot on the public hunting area or within 200 yards of the feedlot or building. This act protects existing uses of public hunting areas from infringements caused by new construction and development.

As used in this subsection, “public hunting area” means public lands or waters available for hunting by the public and identified as a public hunting area by the city, county, state or federal government.

Hunting by Artificial Light

Sights that project a light beam, including laser sights, are **not legal** for hunting. You cannot cast the rays of a spotlight, headlight or other artificial light on a highway or in a field, woodland or forest for the purpose of spotting, locating, taking or attempting to take or hunt a bird or animal, while having in possession or control, either singly or as one of a group of persons, any firearm, bow or other device capable of killing or taking a bird or animal. This rule does not apply to hunting raccoons or other furbearing animals when they are treed with the aid of dogs.

This rule also does not apply to deer being taken by or under the control of a local government body within its corporate limits pursuant to an approved special deer population control plan.

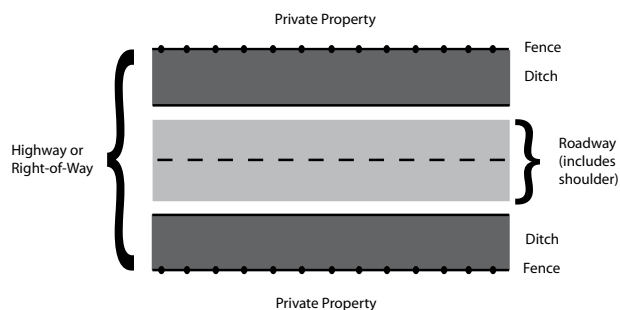
Shooting Rifle Over Water or Highway

You cannot shoot any rifle on or over any of the public highways or waters of the state or any railroad right-of-way. You cannot discharge a shotgun shooting a slug, pistol or revolver on or over a public roadway (see diagram below).

Additionally, no person shall discharge a rifle, including a muzzleloading rifle or musket, or a handgun from a highway; or discharge a shotgun shooting slugs from a highway north of U.S. Highway 30, while deer hunting.

“**Roadway**” means the portion of the highway improved, designed or ordinarily used for vehicular travel, including the shoulder.

“**Highway**” means the entire width between property lines, from fenceline to fenceline (includes the ditches).



Mandatory Deer and Wild Turkey Harvest Reporting

Hunters who harvest a deer or wild turkey must report the harvest to the DNR by midnight of the day after it is killed, or before taking it to a locker, or taxidermist, or before processing it for consumption, or before transporting it out-of-state, whichever occurs first. The hunter whose name is on the transportation tag is responsible for making the report. If no animal is harvested, no report is necessary. **Failure to report or reporting falsely may result in a misdemeanor citation.**

Three ways hunters may report:

1) **Call the DNR Harvest Reporting System.** The toll-free call is available from 6 a.m. to midnight during and immediately after the deer and turkey seasons. The telephone number is printed on the transportation tag. Hunters will report by using the telephone keypad to respond to a short series of questions asked by the system.

2) **Hunters may report through the Internet at www.iowadnr.gov** The on-line Harvest Reporting System is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week during and immediately after the deer and turkey seasons.

3) **Hunters may report through an ELSI vendor** during regular business hours.

With all the forms of reporting, a confirmation number will be provided to the hunter. **This confirmation number must be written on the Harvest Report Tag and this tag attached to the animal before the report is considered complete. Failure to write the confirmation number may result in a misdemeanor citation. See p. 28.**

Motor Vehicle Restrictions

Game management areas. The use of motor vehicles on all game management areas is restricted.

Roads and parking lots. Motor vehicles are prohibited on a game management area except on constructed and designated roads and parking lots unless specifically permitted (see following paragraphs).

Physically disabled persons. Physically disabled persons may use certain motor vehicles on game management areas, according to the restrictions set out as follows, so that they might enjoy such uses as are available to others. (See the definitions of “Motor Vehicle” and “Physically Disabled Person” on p. 11.)

“Permits.” Each physically disabled person must have a permit issued by the director of the DNR to use motor vehicles on game management areas. Such permits will be issued without charge. An applicant must submit a certificate from their doctor stating he or she meets the criteria for physically disabled persons.

“Approved Areas.” A permit holder must annually contact the technician or wildlife biologist of the specific area(s) the permit holder wishes to use. The technician or wildlife biologist will determine which areas or portions of areas will not be open to use by permittees to protect the permittee from hazards or to protect certain natural resources of the area. The technician or wildlife biologist will assist by arranging access to the area and by

designating specific sites on the area where the motor vehicle may be used, and where it may not be used. The technician or wildlife biologist will provide a map of the area showing the sites where use is permitted and bearing the technician’s or wildlife biologist’s signature and the date. Non-handicapped companions of permit holders are not covered under the conditions of the permit.

“Exclusive use.” The issuance of a permit does not imply that the permittee has exclusive use of the area. Permittees shall take reasonable care so as not to unduly interfere with the use of the area by others.

“Prohibited acts.” Except as provided, the use of a motor vehicle on any game management area by a person without a valid permit, or at any site not approved on a signed map, is prohibited. Permits and maps must be carried by the permittee at all times that the permittee is using a motor vehicle on a game management area, and must be exhibited to any DNR employee or law enforcement official upon request.

“Shooting from a motor vehicle.” Except where prohibited by law, a physically disabled person meeting the previously mentioned conditions may shoot from a stationary motor vehicle.

ATV Use and Hunting

The following regulations apply when using all-terrain vehicles for hunting purposes:

- ◆ ATVs cannot be operated on highways (except for agricultural purposes).
- ◆ It is illegal to operate an ATV on DNR Wildlife Management Areas.*
- ◆ A person shall not operate an ATV with more persons on the vehicle than it was designed to carry.
- ◆ You must obtain permission from the landowner to operate an ATV on private land.
- ◆ When transporting guns on an ATV, guns must be unloaded and in a case at all times.
- ◆ It is illegal to chase or use a machine to assist in the taking of any game animal.

*Physically handicapped persons may be eligible for a permit to operate an ATV on DNR lands.

For a copy of Iowa’s ATV Regulations, contact your local state conservation officer, county recorder or DNR office. The information is also posted on the DNR’s website at www.iowadnr.gov

Wildlife Refuges

Restrictions. The following areas under the jurisdiction of the Department of Natural Resources are established as game refuges where posted as such. It shall be unlawful to hunt, pursue, kill, trap or take any wild animal, bird or game on these areas at any time, and no one shall carry firearms thereon. It shall also be unlawful to trespass in any manner on the following areas, where posted as such, between the dates of Sept. 1 and Jan. 31 of each year, both dates inclusive, except that DNR personnel and law enforcement officials may enter the area at any time in performance of their duties. See p. 43 for contact information.

AREA	COUNTY	AREA	COUNTY	AREA	COUNTY
Lake Icaria	Adams	Dunbar Slough	Greene	McCausland	Scott
Pool Slough	Allamakee	Bays Branch	Guthrie	Princeton Area	Scott
Rathbun Area	Appanoose	Green Island Area	Jackson	Prairie Rose Lake	Shelby
Sedan Bottoms	Appanoose	Hawkeye Wildlife Area	Johnson	Otter Creek Marsh	Tama
Wildlife Station	Boone	Muskrat Slough	Jones	Green Valley Lake	Union
Sweet Marsh	Bremer	Colyn Area	Lucas	Three Mile Lake	Union
Big Marsh	Butler	Red Rock Area	Marion, Polk, and Warren	Lake Sugema	Van Buren
South Twin Lake	Calhoun			Middle River Area	Warren
Round Lake	Clay	Badger Lake	Monona	Rice Lake Area	Winnebago
Allen Green Refuge	Des Moines	Tieville/Decatur Bend	Monona	Snyder Lake	Woodbury
Henderson WMA	Dickinson	Five Island Lake	Palo Alto	Elk Creek Marsh	Worth
Jemmerson Slough	Dickinson	Big Creek/Saylorville		Lake Cornelia	Wright
Spring Run WMA	Dickinson	Complex	Polk		
Ingham Lake	Emmet	Chichaqua Area	Polk		
Forney Lake	Fremont	Smith Area	Pottawattamie		
Riverton Area	Fremont				

Iowa Wildlife Management Areas Requiring Nontoxic Shot for ALL Hunting

[excluding deer and wild turkey]

Benton County, Iowa River Corridor; **Boone County**, Harrier Marsh WMA; **Buena Vista County**, all state and federal areas; **Calhoun County**, South Twin Lake, **Cerro Gordo County**, all state and federal areas; **Clay County**, all state and federal areas except the Ocheyedan WMA target shooting range; **Dickinson County**, all state and federal areas except the Spring Run WMA target shooting area; **Emmet County**, all state and federal areas; **Franklin County**, all state and federal areas; **Greene County**, all state and federal areas except Rippey Access and McMahan Access; **Guthrie County**, McCord Pond, Lakin Slough and Bays Branch WMAs, excluding the target shooting range at Bays Branch WMA.

Also, **Hamilton County**, Little Wall Lake, Gordon Marsh and Bauer Slough WMAs; **Hancock County**, all state and federal areas; **Humboldt**

County, all state and federal areas; **Iowa County**, Iowa River Corridor, **Jasper County**, Chichaqua Wildlife Management Area; **Kossuth County**, all state and federal areas; **Osceola County**, all state and federal areas; **Palo Alto County**, all state and federal areas; **Pocahontas County**, all state and federal areas except Kalsow Prairie; **Polk County**, Paul Errington Marsh WMA and Chichaqua WMAs; **Sac County**, all state and federal areas except White Horse Access and Sac City Access; **Story County**, Colo Bog and Hendrickson Marsh; **Tama County**, Iowa River Corridor; **Winnebago County**, all state and federal areas; **Worth County**, all state and federal areas; and **Wright County**, all state and federal areas.

Target shooting on these areas will also require the use of nontoxic shot.

Poaching is A Crime!

If you observe or know of a fish or wildlife violation, report it to TIP as soon as possible by calling 1-800-532-2020.

Provide as much information as possible when you call, such as a description of the possible violator, the vehicle and the time and location of the violation.

A conservation officer will be dispatched to investigate. Since the TIP program began in 1985, more than \$170,000 has been approved in reward payments.

Turn In Poachers
1-800-532-2020

You can remain anonymous!



Multiple Offender Program for Fish and Wildlife Violators

Convictions are assigned point values as determined by the Iowa Administrative Code. Licenses will be suspended or revoked for a specific period as determined by the number of points accumulated. Point values range from one to three points depending on the seriousness of the violation. A "Multiple Offender" is any person who has equaled or exceeded five points during a consecutive three year period. This program applies even if all violations occur as a single event with no previous violations.

This program is administered by the DNR and is in addition to any penalties or revocations/suspensions imposed by the court for the same violation. Persons with suspended or revoked hunting and fishing privileges will not be allowed to purchase licenses during the suspension period.

Wildlife Violator Compact is an agreement between participating states that prohibits a person whose hunting or fishing privileges are suspended in one state from participating in those activities in another state. Member states include Iowa, Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Kentucky, Maryland, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, New York, North Dakota, Oregon, South Dakota, Tennessee, Utah, Washington, Wisconsin and Wyoming. Other states may be in the process of joining the compact.

Liquidated Damages

In addition to penalties assessed by the court, a person who is convicted of unlawfully selling, taking, catching, killing, injuring, destroying or having in their possession any animal, shall reimburse the state for the value of the animal as follows:

1. For each antlered deer, reimbursement shall be based on the score of the antlered deer as measured by the Boone and Crockett club's scoring system for whitetail deer as follows:
 - (a) 150 gross inches or less \$2,000 to \$5,000 and 80 hours of community service or, in lieu of the community service, a minimum of \$4,000 and not more than \$10,000, in an amount that is deemed reasonable by the court.
 - (b) More than 150 gross inches..... \$5,000 to \$10,000 and 80 hours of community service or, in lieu of the community service, a minimum of \$10,000 and not more than \$20,000, in an amount that is deemed reasonable by the court.
2. For each deer \$1,500
3. For each wild turkey, beaver, mink, otter, red fox, gray fox or raccoon \$200
4. For each animal or bird or the raw pelt or plumage of such animal or bird for which damages are not otherwise prescribed \$50
5. For each fish, reptile, mussel or amphibian \$15
6. For each animal classified by the Natural Resource Commission as an endangered or threatened species .
..... \$1,000
7. For each elk, antelope, buffalo or moose \$2,500
8. For each swan or crane \$1,500
9. For each conviction of unlawfully harvesting ginseng, the state will be reimbursed 150 percent of the ginseng's market value as determined by the department.

Upland Game Hunting Information

General Hunting Regulations that may also apply to upland game hunters:

See "General Hunting Regulations" p. 11.

Resident and Nonresident License Requirements and Fees

See pages 2, 3 and 7.

Upland Game

Upland game includes pheasant, quail, grey partridge, cottontails and jackrabbits.

Hunter Orange Required

To hunt upland game **birds** you must wear at least one of the following articles of visible, external apparel with at least 50 percent of its surface area solid blaze orange in color: hat, cap, vest, coat, jacket, sweatshirt, shirt or coveralls.

Transporting Pheasants

A foot, fully feathered wing, or fully feathered head must remain attached to any pheasant transported within the state. The bird may be field dressed, but the carcass must remain intact.

Youth Pheasant Season

Resident hunters ages 15 or younger may hunt rooster (male) pheasants during the Youth Pheasant Season without having a Hunting License, paying the Habitat Fee, or passing a hunter education course. The youth hunter must be accompanied by an adult 18 years old or older who has a valid Hunting License and has paid the Habitat Fee if normally required to do so to hunt. Only the youth may shoot pheasants. The adult may shoot other game if seasons are open. All other regulations in effect for the regular pheasant season apply during the youth hunt.

The Iowa DNR publishes its pheasant and small game population survey in early September. To view or to receive the report, go to www.iowadnr.gov/wildlife/files/hunting.html and register.

Hunting and Trapping Furbearing Animals

Furbearer Hunting and Trapping Seasons, Limits and Shooting Hours

See p. 4

Furbearing Animals

The following are considered furbearing animals and may be legally harvested: beaver, badger, bobcat, mink, muskrat, raccoon, striped skunk, opossum, weasel, coyote, groundhog (woodchuck), red fox, gray fox and otter. Gray wolf is also a furbearer but may not be trapped or hunted.

Furharvester License

Hunters and Trappers must have a furharvester license and have paid the habitat fee (see p. 2) to hunt all furbearers, except coyote and groundhog, and to trap any furbearing animal. A hunting license is not needed when hunting furbearers. Coyote and groundhog may be hunted with a hunting or furharvester license.

Permit to Hold Hides (see p. 12)

Disturbing Dens

You cannot molest or disturb, in any manner, any den, lodge or house of a furbearing animal or beaver dam except by written permission of an officer appointed by the director of the DNR. You cannot use any chemical, explosive, smoking device, mechanical ferret, wire, tool, instrument or water to remove furbearing animals from their dens.

Box Traps

A person shall not use or attempt to use colony traps in taking, capturing, trapping or killing any game or furbearing animals except muskrats as determined by rule of the commission. Box traps capable of capturing more than one game or furbearing animal at each setting are prohibited. A valid hunting license is required for box trapping cottontail rabbits and squirrels.

Removal of Animals from Traps and Snares

All animals or animal carcasses caught in any type of trap or snare, except those that are placed entirely under water and designed to drown the animal imme-

diately, must be removed from the trap or snare, by the trap or snare user, immediately upon discovery and within 24 hours of the time the animal is caught.

Snares

For the purpose of law enforcement, snares are considered to be traps.

No person shall set or maintain any snare in any public road right-of-way so the snare, when fully extended, can touch any fence. A snare set on private land other than roadsides within 30 yards of a pond, lake, creek, drainage ditch, stream or river must have a loop size of 11 inches or less in horizontal measurement. All other snares must have a loop size of 8 inches or less in horizontal measurement, except for snares with at least one-half of the loop under water. Snares cannot be attached to a drag. All snares must have a functional deer lock which will not allow the snare loop to close smaller than 2 1/2 inches.

Mechanical Snares

It is illegal to set any mechanically-powered snare designed to capture an animal by the neck or body unless the snare is placed completely under water.

Body-gripping and Conibear-type Traps

You cannot set or maintain any body-gripping or conibear-type trap on any public road right-of-way within 5 feet of any fence.

Humane traps, or traps designed to kill instantly, with a jaw spread as originally manufactured that exceeds 8 inches, are unlawful to use except when placed entirely under water.

Public Roadside Limitations for Snare, Body-gripping and Conibear-type Traps

Conibear-type traps and snares must not be set on the right-of-way of a public road within 200 yards of the entry to a private drive serving a residence without the permission of the occupant. You cannot set or maintain any snare or conibear-type trap within any public road right-of-way within 200 yards of buildings inhabited by humans unless a resident of the dwelling adjacent to the public road right-of-way has given permission, or unless

the body-gripping or conibear-type trap is completely under water or at least one-half of the loop of the snare is under water. This does not limit the use of foothold traps or box-type live traps in public road right-of-ways.

Foothold and Leghold Traps

You cannot set or maintain, on land, any foothold or leghold trap with metal serrated jaws, metal-toothed jaws or a spread inside the set jaws greater than 7 inches.

Trap Tag Requirements

All traps and snares, whether set or not, possessed by a person who can reasonably be presumed to be trapping must have a metal tag attached, plainly labeled with the user's name and address. Officers appointed by the DNR can confiscate such traps and snares when not properly labeled or checked.

Exposed Bait

You cannot set or maintain any foothold or body-gripping trap or snare within 20 feet of exposed bait on land anywhere in the state, or over water in the following areas:

- a) Mississippi River corridor - Allamakee, Clayton, Dubuque, Jackson, Clinton, Scott, Muscatine, Louisa, Des Moines and Lee counties.
- b) Missouri River corridor - Those portions of Woodbury, Monona, Harrison, Pottawattamie, Mills and Fremont counties west of Interstate 29.
- c) Des Moines River corridor- Boone, Dallas, Polk, Marion, Mahaska, Wapello and Van Buren counties.

“Exposed bait” means meat or viscera of any animal, bird, fish, amphibian or reptile with or without skin, hide or feathers that is visible to soaring birds.

Trapping on Game Management Areas Marking Trap Sites

You cannot place on any game management area any trap, stake, flag, marker or any other item or device to trap furbearers, or to mark or otherwise claim any site to trap furbearers, except during the open season for taking furbearers other than coyote.

Bobcat Hunting and Trapping

Hunters and Trappers must have a furharvester license and pay the habitat fee to trap bobcats, if normally required to have them to trap. A regular hunting license will not be adequate.

The season is open in the following counties: Adams, Appanoose, Clarke, Davis, Decatur, Des Moines, Fremont, Harrison, Henry, Jefferson, Lee, Lucas, Mills, Monona, Monroe, Montgomery, Page, Pottawattamie, Ringgold, Taylor, Union, Van Buren, Wapello, Wayne and Woodbury.

The open zone quota is 200 bobcats, plus any that are trapped in a 48 hour grace period after the quota is reached.

Season Limit: 1 bobcat per licensed furharvester, regardless if it was hunted or trapped.

River Otter Trapping

Trappers must have a furharvester license and pay the habitat fee to trap otter, if normally required to have them to trap

The season is open statewide with a quota of 500 otters, plus any trapped in a 48 hour grace period.

Season Limit: 2 otters per licensed furharvester.

Reporting requirements

Otter and Bobcat furharvesters must call a Conservation Officer within 24 hours of capturing an otter or harvesting a bobcat. The officer will call the DNR's Harvest Reporting System to report the animal. The DNR will post the quota remaining daily on their website and on a telephone hot-line. Once the quota is reached, trappers may keep any otter or bobcat captured in the next 48 hours (grace period). Otters and bobcats accidentally captured after the grace period and bobcats accidentally captured in an area of the state closed to bobcat harvesting, must be turned over to DNR without penalty. The website and hot-line will be updated daily to tell trappers when the season ends, when the grace period ends, and when otters and bobcats must be turned over to the DNR. Otter and bobcat carcasses will be collected by DNR for study purposes.

Tagging Requirements

Furharvesters must meet with the Conservation Officer within 48 hours of reporting an otter or bobcat to receive and apply a CITES tag. The CITES tags must be applied before the otter or bobcat is skinned and remain with the animal until it is sold. Animals kept for taxidermy or other display or educational purposes must have the CITES tag retained with the pelt at all times.

Bobcat Season Open in Shaded Counties Only



2008 Deer Hunting Information

Managing Iowa's Deer Herd Through Hunting Pressure



Dale Garner, chief
DNR Wildlife Bureau

Deer hunters reported harvesting 146,214 deer, including 75,073 does, which should only be considered a minimum harvest and not the actual number of deer killed. Unfortunately, a check of deer in the field, at lockers and residents found that only about 91 percent were reported to the harvest reporting system that is required by law.

Hunters need to work with us to properly manage our deer herd, and part of that cooperation is for hunters to report their harvest.

Hunter reported harvest is an important part of the formula used for herd management including how we set seasons.

We appreciate our hunters' role in helping the DNR manage the deer herd through hunting. Continuing to harvest does is the number one way to get our herd to our population goal.



Deer Seasons, License Purchase Dates and Antlerless Quotas

See p. 5.

License Requirements and Fees

See p. 2, 3 and 7.

SPECIAL HUNTING REGULATIONS THAT APPLY TO DEER HUNTING

General Hunting Regulations may also apply to deer hunters. See p. 11.

Shooting Hours

Shooting hours for all deer seasons are 1/2 hour before sunrise to 1/2 hour after sunset.

Tagging Requirements

See p. 28.

Deer hunters may not possess a tag belonging to another hunter while in the field.

PAID DEER LICENSES see p. 25

Resident hunters may obtain the following types of deer licenses:

Paid Any-deer Licenses are valid statewide in the season selected by the hunter at the time the license is purchased. Any-deer licenses are valid for taking deer of either sex. A hunter may have one Any-deer license for the Bow Season and one Any-deer license for one of the following seasons: Early Muzzleloader, Late Muzzleloader, Shotgun Season 1, or Shotgun Season 2.

Exceptions:

- Youth/Disabled Season hunters see p. 26.
- There is a quota of 7,500 Early Muzzleloader Season Any-deer licenses. These are sold first-come first-served until the quota is filled or until the last day of the Early Muzzleloader Season.

Paid Antlerless-only Licenses are valid for taking only antlerless deer. **An antlerless deer is a deer with no forked antler.** These licenses are valid only in the county and season or deer population management zone and season selected by the hunter at the time the license is purchased.

Quotas for Antlerless-only licenses are established for each county to direct the additional harvest of does to areas with the greatest number of deer. The quota is the maximum number of Antlerless-only licenses that will be sold for each county for all deer seasons. Licenses are sold first-come first-served until the quota is reached. See p. 5.

Allowable Combinations of Paid Deer Licenses

See table on p. 25.

November and January Antlerless-only Seasons

Only antlerless deer may be taken during the November and January Antlerless-only seasons. Hunters may participate in these seasons regardless of any other deer license they have obtained. Licenses for the November Antlerless-only season will not go on sale until November 10, and will be available only in counties where the

antlerless-only license quota has not been filled by that date.

Shotguns, handguns, muzzleloaders and bows may be used. Center-fire rifles may be used during the entire January Antlerless-only season (January 11 – 25) in the following counties: Mills, Fremont, Montgomery, Page, Adams, Taylor, Union, Ringgold, Clarke, Decatur, Lucas, Wayne, Monroe, Appanoose, Wapello, Davis, Jefferson, Van Buren, Henry, Lee, and Des Moines (see map p. 5). See p. 23 for definitions of legal method of take.

How Many Paid Antlerless-only Licenses May I Have?

Hunters may purchase multiple Antlerless-only licenses in some seasons and season combinations. See p. 25.

Bag and Possession Limit

For Shotgun Season 1, Shotgun Season 2, the November Antlerless-only and January Antlerless-only seasons, the daily bag and possession limit is one deer for each unfilled transportation tag issued to a hunter who is present in the party.

For all other deer seasons, the daily bag and possession limit is one deer for each license and transportation tag issued to the hunter for that season.

The annual possession limit is one deer for each license and transportation tag obtained by the hunter for all seasons.

Helping Other Hunters

Resident and nonresident deer hunters with a valid deer hunting license may hunt with and assist other deer hunters only in the season specified on their license.

Blaze Orange Required

To hunt deer with a firearm in any season you must wear one of the following articles of external, visible, solid blaze orange clothing: vest, jacket, coat, sweatshirt, sweater, shirt or coveralls. An orange hat alone is not sufficient. No person shall use a blind for hunting deer during the regular shotgun deer seasons unless such blind exhibits a solid blaze orange marking visible in all directions with a minimum height of 12 inches and a minimum width of 12 inches.

A blind is defined as a place of concealment

constructed, either wholly or partially from man made materials, which is used for the purpose of hiding a person who is hunting from sight. A blind is not a naturally occurring landscape feature or an arrangement of natural or agricultural plant material that a hunter uses for concealment. In addition to the requirements above, hunters using blinds must also satisfy the requirements of wearing blaze orange.

Tree Stands

You may not construct a permanent tree stand on state public hunting areas. You may not drive or in any other way place any nail, spike, pin, or any other metal object into a tree on state public hunting areas to construct a blind or to provide hunting access to a location above the ground.

Tree stands may be left on a state public hunting area from 7 days prior to the start of a deer season until 7 days after the final day of that season.

Prohibited Devices and Activities

You may not use dogs, domestic animals, bait, radios, handguns, rifles and crossbows (except as described on p. 23), automobiles, aircraft, electronic calls or any mechanical conveyance or device to hunt deer. Paraplegics and single- or double-leg amputees may hunt from any stationary motor-driven conveyance. “Paraplegic” means an individual afflicted with paralysis of the lower half of the body with the involvement of both legs, usually due to disease or injury to the spinal cord.

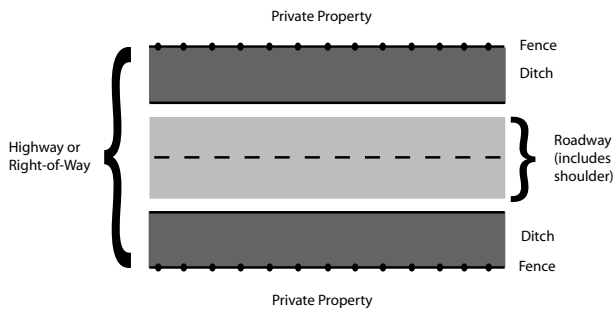
“Bait” means grain, fruit, vegetables, nuts, hay, salt, mineral blocks, or any other natural food materials, commercial products containing natural food materials, or by-products of such materials transported to or placed in an area for the purpose of attracting wildlife. Bait does not include food placed during normal agricultural activities.

Shooting Firearms Over Water or Highway

You cannot shoot any rifle on or over any of the public highways or waters of the state or any railroad right of way. You cannot discharge a shotgun shooting a slug, a pistol or a revolver on or over a public roadway.

Additionally, no person shall discharge a rifle, including a muzzleloading rifle or musket, or a handgun from a highway; or discharge a shotgun shooting

slugs from a highway north of U.S. Highway 30, while deer hunting.



LEGAL METHOD OF TAKE

Archery: Longbows, recurve bows, and compound bows shooting broadhead arrows are permitted. No explosive or chemical devices may be attached to the arrow or broadhead. There are no minimum draw weights for bows or minimum diameter for broadheads. Arrows must be at least 18 inches long. Draw locks on compound bows are legal.

Crossbows are not legal except that a physically disabled person incapable of shooting a bow, as defined on p. 11, may obtain a permit from the DNR to use a crossbow. Applications are available at www.iowadnr.gov under Licenses, by visiting the DNR central office or any of the district offices (p. 43), or by calling the DNR at 515-281-5918. Residents 70 and older may obtain one Antlerless-only statewide crossbow deer license. See p. 26 for details.

Shotguns: 10-, 12-, 16-, and 20-gauge shotguns shooting single slugs only.

Muzzleloaders: Flintlock or percussion cap muzzleloading rifles or muskets between .44 and .775 caliber shooting single projectiles; muzzleloading pistols .44 caliber or larger with a minimum barrel length of 4 inches and no shoulder stock or long barrel modifications. **Muzzleloaders equipped with electronic ignition are not allowed.** There are no restrictions on in-line or disk-type muzzleloaders. Riflescopes may also be used.

Handguns: Center-fire handguns .357 caliber or larger, shooting straight wall ammunition with an expanding-type bullet. Minimum barrel length for all handguns is 4 inches. No shoulder stock or long barrel modifications are allowed.

Only the following center-fire cartridges may be used: .357 Magnum, .357 Maximum, .375 Winchester, .38 Super, .40 S&W, .401 Powermag, 10 mm Auto, .41 Remington Magnum, .41 Action Express, .44 S&W Special, .44 Remington Magnum, .44 Automag, .444 Marlin, .445 Super Mag, .45 ACP, .45 Colt, .45 Super Mag, .45 Winchester Magnum, .45 Silhouette, .451 Detonics, .454 Casull, .45-70 Govt., .460 Rowland, .460 S&W Mag, .475 Widley Magnum, .475 Linebaugh, .480 Ruger, .50 Action Express, .50 Linebaugh, .50 Beowulf and .500 S&W Mag.

Hunters age 16 and under may not use any handguns. Hunters ages 17 through 20 must be accompanied by a parent, guardian or spouse who is at least 21 years old to use a handgun.

Center-fire rifles: Rifles .24 caliber or larger.

LEGAL METHOD OF TAKE BY SEASON

SEASON	Archery	Muzzleloader	Handgun	Shotgun	Center-fire Rifle
Youth/Disabled	X	X	X ¹	X	
Bow ³	X				
Early Muzzleloader		X	X ²		
Late Muzzleloader	X	X	X		
Shotgun 1		X	X	X	
Shotgun 2		X	X	X	
Nov. Antlerless-only	X	X	X	X	
Nonresident Holiday Season	X	X	X		
Jan. Antlerless-only	X	X	X	X	
Jan. Antlerless-only (bottom 2 tiers)	X	X	X	X	X

¹ Only disabled hunters that are otherwise eligible may use a handgun.

² Muzzleloading pistols only.

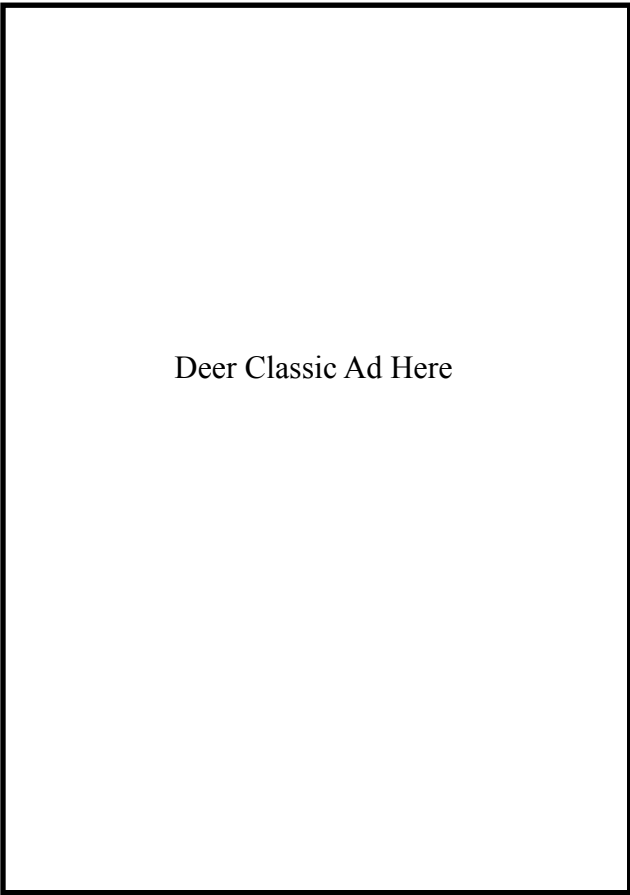
³ Antlerless Senior (70 years old and older) Statewide Crossbow License during the bow season only



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Game Carcass Disposal

Iowa law allows cleaned game carcasses and waste from home meat processing to be disposed of alongside other household garbage.

Carcasses must have the recoverable meat and entrails removed, but the carcass can include bones and meat scraps. Simply place the remains in a garbage bag and put it in the garbage can.

Dumping a carcass in a road ditch or public parking lot is considered littering and subject to enforcement. Questions? Contact the local landfill or solid waste agency.

Resident Iowa Deer License Options

READ THIS FIRST

How Many Deer Licenses May Iowa Residents Have?

Iowa residents may have **ONE** statewide **Any-deer gun** license, **ONE** statewide **Any-deer bow** license and an almost unlimited number of Antlerless-only licenses. Iowa residents may only hunt in one shotgun deer season. There is no combination of paid Any-deer or paid Antlerless-only licenses that would allow a hunter to hunt in both shotgun seasons.

Landowner-Tenant deer licenses do not count against the number of paid Any-deer licenses.

County specific Antlerless-only licenses share the county specific Antlerless quota, inclusive of all seasons. See quota map on p. 5. Residents may purchase one Antlerless-only license until Sept. 15. Beginning Sept. 15, residents may purchase as many Antlerless-only licenses until the quota fills, or the season ends. November Antlerless-only licenses go on sale Nov. 10, if the Antlerless-only quota for the county has not filled.

For deer seasons, the cost of a license and purchase dates, see pages 3 and 5.

For free and reduced fee deer licenses available to **Landowners** or **Tenants**, see p. 27.

BOW • GUN

Any-deer Licenses

Choose only **ONE** statewide any-deer gun license

- Shotgun Season 1
- Shotgun Season 2
- Early Muzzleloader [7,500 quota]
- Late Muzzleloader

.....

Hunters may choose **ONE** statewide any-deer bow license

Antlerless-only Licenses

No limitations until the quota fills or the season ends

- Antlerless-only Bow
- Antlerless-only Late Muzzleloader
- Antlerless-only November
- Antlerless-only January

.....

Certain Limitations:

- Residents may purchase one **Antlerless only** license until Sept. 15 (see left column).
- Antlerless-only license(s) for **Early Muzzleloader** is available only after the hunter purchases a statewide any-deer Early Muzzleloader license.
- Antlerless-only license(s) for **Shotgun 1** is available to hunters who have not purchased *any* Shotgun 2 licenses.
- Antlerless-only license(s) for **Shotgun 2** is available to hunters who have not purchased *any* Shotgun 1 licenses.

Bonus Licenses

The following **BONUS** licenses require certain eligibility. See p. 26 for details.

- Youth any-deer, statewide
- Disabled any-deer, statewide
- Senior antlerless-only Crossbow, statewide
- Youth antlerless-only, county specific
- Disabled antlerless-only, county specific
- Population Management Hunts (see p. 29)

Deer License Combinations

BONUS DEER HUNTS

Youth Deer Season. Iowa residents that are less than 16 years old on the day they obtain a license, are eligible for the Youth Season subject to the following restrictions:

- While hunting, youth hunters must be under the direct supervision of an adult mentor who has a valid Hunting License and has paid the Habitat Fee, if the adult is normally required to have them to hunt. Only one youth hunter may accompany each adult mentor.
- Clothing requirements, method of take and all other deer hunting regulations in effect during the regular deer seasons are in effect during the youth season, if hunting deer with a firearm.
- If a youth hunter turns 16 while utilizing a youth license, they must purchase a hunting license and habitat fee, if normally required.

Youth licenses are Any-deer licenses valid statewide for taking one deer of either sex. Youth hunters may hunt with a bow, shotgun or muzzle-loader as defined on p. 23.

Youth hunters with an Any-deer license who do not take a deer during the youth deer hunting season may use the deer hunting license and unused tag during the early or late muzzleloader or one of the two shotgun seasons. Youth hunters may also obtain deer licenses for other seasons like any other hunter. Youth Antlerless-only licenses are good for only taking antlerless deer during the youth season.

A youth who resides with and is a member of the family of a landowner or tenant who is eligible for Landowner-Tenant Deer Licenses may obtain a Landowner-Tenant License for the Youth Season. The Landowner-Tenant Youth License will count as the one Landowner-Tenant Any-deer License the landowner or tenant family is entitled to for all deer seasons (see p. 27).

Severely Disabled Hunter. Persons classified as severely disabled as defined in Iowa Code section 321L.1(8) may hunt during the Youth and Disabled Hunter Season. Severely disabled hunters may hunt with a bow, muzzleloader, shotgun, or handgun (if eligible) as defined on p. 11.

Disabled Hunter licenses are Any-deer li-

censes valid statewide for taking deer of either sex. Persons with a Disabled Hunter license may obtain deer licenses for other seasons like any other hunter.

Applications for special licenses for this season may be obtained from the DNR's website at www.iowadnr.gov/wildlife/files/deerappl.html or by calling 515-281-5918, or by going to the DNR central office in Des Moines or one of the district offices across the state (see p. 43). After the affidavit is filed with DNR, hunters with disabilities may purchase their license at any ELSI agent. Nonresidents must obtain their license during the regular nonresident application period in May.

Crossbow License for Seniors

Resident hunters 70 years old and older on the day they purchase a license may purchase one statewide antlerless-only license to hunt deer with a crossbow. This license may be obtained in addition to any other deer license. It will not count against antlerless licenses the individual may have or county or deer population management zone quotas.

Deer Population Management Zones.

Deer population management zones have been established to reduce high deer numbers in areas where traditional hunting seasons cannot be held - mainly urban areas and state and county parks. Most licenses are Antlerless-only. Licenses for these hunts will not count in determining the number of licenses an individual may have, or against the county quota for Antlerless-only licenses.

These management zones have individual license quotas and may have different season dates, license restrictions, and proficiency requirements. For more information, consult the chart on p. 29-32.

Educational Deer Hunts. Some of the deer population management zone hunts are designed to educate deer hunters in proper hunting and safety practices and to hunt in an ethical manner. These hunts are designated as "Mentor" on the table on p. 29-32. Contact the hunt location for more information.

FREE AND REDUCED FEE LICENSES FOR LANDOWNERS & TENANTS

Landowners, tenants and their eligible family members must register with DNR before obtaining free and reduced-fee deer licenses. See pages 9 and 10 to determine who is eligible for these licenses.

The Landowner-Tenant deer licenses are assigned to qualifying owners or tenants of a farm unit. The farm unit must consist of a minimum of two [2] acres and be used for agriculture purposes or enrolled in a government set aside program. All parcels of land under control of the landowner, tenant or other ownership structure are considered as one farm unit. If there is more than one owner, there is still a maximum of five [5] licenses for the farm unit.

A landowner or tenant may receive up to five [5] reduced fee licenses, regardless of the number parcels under ownership and may divide the licenses among qualifying family members. It is illegal to use a LOT deer license to hunt on land owned or controlled by another individual.

A list of common questions and scenarios on LOT eligibility is on the internet at www.iowadnr.gov then click on wildlife.

Free Any-deer licenses are valid for taking deer of either sex during the season selected at the time the license is obtained. The license may be for any season except the November and January Antlerless-only seasons. (Special eligibility requirements apply to the Youth and Disabled Hunter Season.) Free Any-deer licenses for the shotgun seasons will be valid in both shotgun seasons but only one deer may be tagged. One Any-deer license is available for the landowner (or eligible family member) and one for the tenant (or eligible family member). If there is no tenant, only one free Any-deer license is available for the farm unit.

Free and Reduced-fee (\$12) Antlerless-only licenses are also available. **An antlerless deer is a deer with no visible forked antler.**

One free Antlerless-only license may be obtained by the landowner family and one by the tenant family for one of the following seasons: Bow, Youth and Disabled Hunter

(special eligibility requirements apply), Early Muzzleloader, Late Muzzleloader, Shotgun 1, Shotgun 2 and November Antlerless-only.

One additional free Antlerless-only license may be obtained by the landowner family and one by the tenant family for the January Antlerless-only season if a portion of the farm unit lies in a county that is open during this season.

Up to two reduced-fee (\$12 each) Antlerless-only Licenses may be obtained by the landowner family and two by the tenant family for the following seasons: Bow, Youth and Disabled Hunter (special eligibility requirements apply), Early Muzzleloader, Late Muzzleloader, Shotgun 1 and 2, November Antlerless-only and the January Antlerless-only season (if a portion of the farm unit is in a county open during the January Antlerless-only season).

How many free and reduced-fee licenses are available for each farm unit? The maximum number of free and reduced-fee licenses available to the landowner family is five [5] – one Any-deer, up to two free Antlerless-only and up to 2 reduced fee (\$12) antlerless-only. The number of Antlerless-only Licenses is subject to some restrictions that are explained in the previous paragraph. These licenses may be divided among the landowner family (landowner and eligible family members) in any way the family chooses as long as the total number of licenses available to the family is not exceeded and other eligibility requirements are met. Each individual must be registered to the same land parcel. If there is no tenant, the maximum number of licenses available to the landowner family unit is five [5].

The tenant family may have the same number of free and reduced-fee licenses and is subject to the same restrictions as the landowner family. The tenant family is restricted to no more than five [5] licenses, regardless of how many parcels of land they rent.

Tagging Requirements

Transportation Tag

An ELSI-issued transportation tag (bottom portion see below) with the date of harvest properly recorded, demonstrates proof of possession and must be attached within 15 minutes of harvest or before the animal is moved, whichever comes first. When attached, the transportation tag must be easily visible so that it cannot be removed without being mutilated or destroyed. The transportation tag must remain attached to the carcass until the animal is processed for consumption.

Harvest Report Tag

An ELSI-issued Harvest Report Tag (top portion see below) with the confirmation number properly recorded, demonstrates compliance with mandatory harvest reporting and must be attached to the animal after reporting and before the reporting deadline (see p. 14). When attached, the Harvest Report Tag must be affixed so that it cannot be removed without being mutilated or destroyed. The Harvest Report Tag must remain attached to the carcass until the animal is processed for consumption.

For **deer**, the head and antlers (if any) must remain attached to the carcass until it is processed for consumption. Hunters in the Youth/Disabled Hunter, Bow, Early Muzzleloader, and Late Muzzleloader seasons must shoot their own deer and tag only the deer they shoot. Hunters in both shotgun seasons and the November and January Antlerless-only seasons may shoot deer for each other, provided that all tagging requirements are followed, and the deer will be considered in the possession of



Antlered



Antlerless-only



the hunter whose tag is affixed to it. **A hunter may not carry a deer license or transportation tag issued to another hunter while deer hunting.**

For **turkey**, the leg that bears the tag must be attached to the carcass of any wild turkey being transported within the state during any wild turkey hunting season.

Tips on Tagging/Reporting Deer and Turkeys

An inexpensive pen (not a felt tip or marker) will write best on the tag material.

- 1) The Transportation Tag must be attached to the deer or turkey within 15 minutes of harvest or before it is moved, whichever occurs first.
- 2) Record the Date of Harvest (month, day, and year) **IN INK**
- 3) Remove the Transportation Tag from the paper backing. Fold (**do not wrap or wind**) the tag around antlers (or leg if antlerless), or turkey leg. Press the halves of the tag together to get a tight bond. The hunter's name, tag number and date of harvest must be readable.
- 4) Report the deer or turkey harvest by midnight of the day after harvest, before taking it to a locker or taxidermist, before processing it for consumption or before transporting out of state, whichever comes first.
- 5) Follow instructions on the Harvest Report Tag to report the animal. When reporting, you will need to provide your harvest registration number and the Iowa County where the animal was harvested. For deer, provide the sex of the animal. For turkeys, report if the animal was harvested on public or private land, the length of the beard (fall) and length of the longest spur (spring).
- 6) After reporting, record the confirmation number in the box provided on the Harvest Report Tag.
- 7) Attach the Harvest Report Tag to the animal after it has been reported, but before the reporting deadline.
- 8) Keep both the Transportation Tag and the Harvest Report Tag attached to the animal until it is processed for consumption.

Registration Number Harvest Confirmation Number

<p>2007-08 Iowa DNR HARVEST REPORT Tag (Attach only after reporting animal. Must report by midnight on day after harvesting animal, or sooner if special conditions apply. See regulations) 205 Deer-Early Muzzle DNR # 999999999 JOHN TEST SMITH</p>	<p>ALL DEER AND TURKEYS MUST BE REPORTED</p> <p>Step 1 Dial 1-800-771-4692 or go to www.iowadnr.gov or your license agent. Step 2 When prompted, provide the following Registration Number: 380 061 739</p> <p>Step 3 Record your confirmation number: <input type="text"/> Step 4 Attach this harvest report tag to your animal.</p>
<p>2007-08 Iowa DNR TRANSPORTATION Tag (Attach within 15 minutes of harvest and before moving animal.) 205 Deer-Early Muzzle Season Date: 10/14/2006 – 10/22/2006</p>	<p>DNR # 999999999 DOB: 03/08/1946 JOHN TEST SMITH 123 ANY STREET DES MOINES IA 50310</p> <p>REGISTRATION # 380 061 739</p> <p>Enter Date of Harvest: ___/___/___</p>
<p>Fee: \$27.00 (\$1.00 HUSH FEE) Terminal #: 3912946 Agent ID: 777779 Transaction #: 004761440 Date/Time Issued: 07/20/2006 08:41:10</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">EM</p> <p>Signature (see back): _____</p>

NOTE: This is only an example of the deer or turkey harvest report and transportation tag. The actual tag may differ slightly in appearance.

2008 - 2009 Deer Population Management Zone Hunts

Area	Season Dates	# of Licenses	Where to Apply	License Vendor	Type
Amana Colonies Zone	All Seasons	1000 antlerless	Brown's True Value 319-642-3932 Amana General Store 319-622-7650	Brown's True Value 319-642-3932 Amana General Store 319-622-7650	Archery & Firearms
Ames (City)	Sept. 13 - Jan. 25	100 antlerless	Ames Police 515-239-5133	JAX Outdoor Gear 515-292-2276	Archery Only
Ames (Perimeter)	All Seasons	125 antlerless	Iowa DNR 515-975-8318	JAX Outdoor Gear 515-292-2276	Archery & Firearms
Backbone State Park	Dec. 6 - 7	200 antlerless	Park Office 563-924-2527	Nadings Service 563-933-6195	Firearms
Bellevue State Park	Oct. 1 - Jan. 25	100 antlerless 1 any deer	Park Office 563-872-4019	Lampe Hardware 563-872-4459	Archery
Bettendorf & Riverdale (Cities)	Sept. 13 - Jan. 25	300 antlerless	Bettendorf Police 563-344-4020	B&B Shooting 563-355-4867	Archery Only
Cedar Rapids (City)	Sept. 13 - Jan. 25	700 antlerless 45 any deer	Fire Station 319-286-5201	Great Outdoor Traditions 319-364-2200	Archery Only
Clinton (City)	Sept. 13 - Jan. 25	300 antlerless 5 any deer	Parks & Recreation 563-243-1260	R&R Sports 563-243-4696	Archery Only
Coralville (City)	Sept. 13 - Jan. 25	400 antlerless 20 any deer	Coralville Police 319-248-1800	Fin & Feather 319-354-2200	Archery Only
Council Bluffs (City)	Sept. 13 - Jan. 25	200 antlerless 3 any deer	Public Works 712-328-4666	Der Jagerhof Gun Shop 712-325-0760 Woods Sporting Goods 712-366-0444	Archery Only
Davenport (City)	Sept. 13 - Jan. 25	500 antlerless 20 any deer	Parks & Recreation 563-326-7812	Gander Mountain 563-344-8880 B&B Shooting Supply 563-355-4867 Farm & Fleet 563-391-4847	Archery Only
Denison (City)	Oct. 1 - Jan. 25	50 antlerless	City Hall 712-263-3143	Crawford Co. Recorder 712-263-3643	Archery Only
Desoto NWR	Oct. 18-19 Nov. 1-2 Jan. 3-4	120 antlerless 120 antlerless 100 antlerless	DeSoto NWR 712-642-5405	Jensen Ace Hardware 712-642-4192	Muzzleloader Muzzleloader Muzzleloader
Dubuque (City)	Sept. 13 - Jan. 25	400 antlerless 21 any deer	Parks & Recreation 563-589-4263	Bait Shack 563-582-9395	Archery Only
Dubuque County Zone	All Seasons	500 antlerless	Bait Shack 563-582-9395	Bait Shack 563-582-9395	Archery and Firearms
Elk Rock State Park	Jan. 12-13	50 antlerless	Park Office 641-842-6008	Marion Co. Recorder 641-828-2211	Muzzleloader
Geode State Park	Oct. 1 - Jan. 25	200 antlerless 1 any deer	Park Office 319-392-4601	Farm King 319-752-7111	Archery Only
Green Valley State Park	Nov. 18-19	50 antlerless	Park Office 641-782-5131	Union Co. Recorder 641-782-1725	Muzzleloader
IAAP Zone*	All Seasons	950 antlerless	IAAP Office 319-753-7903	Farm King 319-752-7111	Archery & Firearms
IAAP (Perimeter) Zone	All Seasons	400 antlerless	Farm King 319-752-7111 Henry Co. Recorder 319-385-0765 American Outdoors 319-385-3875	Farm King 319-752-7111 Henry Co. Recorder 319-385-0765 American Outdoors 319-385-3875	Archery & Firearms

2008 - 2009 Deer Population Management Zone Hunts

Area	Season Dates	# of Licenses	Where to Apply	License Vendor	Type
Iowa Falls (City)	Oct. 1 - Jan. 25	50 antlerless	City 641-648-2527 Police 641-648-6464	Theisen's of Iowa Falls 641-648-9490	Archery Only
Iowa Lake County Park	Oct. 25 - Dec. 26 Dec. 27 - Jan. 25	100 antlerless 50 antlerless	Park Office 319-655-8465	Iowa County Recorder 319-642-3622	Archery Only Muzzleloader
Jefferson County Park	Oct. 1 - Jan. 25	100 antlerless 4 any deer	Park Office 641-472-4421	Jefferson Co. Recorder 641-472-4331	Archery Only
Johnson County Zone	All Seasons	750 antlerless	Fin & Feather 319-354-2200	Fin & Feather 319-354-2200	Archery & Firearms
Jones County Central Park	Oct. 18 - Jan. 25	50 antlerless	Park Office 563-487-3541	Theisen's of Anamosa 319-462-3539	Archery Only
Kent Park	Oct. 1 - Jan. 25 Dec. 6-7	100 antlerless & 3 any deer 60 antlerless	Park Office 319-645-2315	Fin & Feather 319-354-2200	Archery Firearms
Knoxville (City)	Sept. 13 - Jan. 25	50 antlerless	City Manager 641-828-0550	Marion County Recorder 641-828-2211	Archery Only
Lacey-Keosauqua State Park	Oct. 1 - Jan. 25	150 antlerless 2 any deer	Park Office 319-293-3502	Troublesome Creek 319-293-3848	Archery Only
Lake Ahquabi State Park	Jan. 3-4	50 antlerless	Park Office 515-961-7101	Warren Co. Recorder 515-961-1089	Muzzleloader
Lake Darling State Park	Dec. 6-7	150 antlerless	DNR SE Office 319-694-2430	DNR SE Office 319-694-2430	Firearms
Lake Keomah State Park	Oct. 1 - Jan. 25	50 antlerless 1 any deer	Park Office 641-673-6975	Mahaska Co. Recorder 641-673-6975	Archery Only
Lake Macbride State Park	Oct. 1 - Jan. 25	150 antlerless 5 any deer	Park Office 319-624-2200	Fin & Feather 319-354-2200	Archery Only
Lake Manawa State Park	Oct. 1 - Jan. 10	50 antlerless 1 any deer	Park Office 712-366-0220	Park Office 712-366-0220	Archery Only
Lake of Three Fires State Park	Jan. 3-4	45 antlerless	Park Office 712-523-2700	Bedford Country Store 712-523-2148	Firearms
Lake Panorama	Oct. 1 - Jan. 25 Oct. 11-19 Dec. 22 - Jan. 10	130 antlerless & 3 any deer 25 antlerless 75 antlerless	LPA Offices 641-755-2301 Members & Guests Only	Guthrie Co. Recorder 641-747-3412	Archery Only Muzzleloader Muzzlelaoder
Lake Wapello State Park	Jan. 17-18	100 antlerless	Park Office 641-722-3371	Lines & Tines 641-722-3914	Firearms
Ledges State Park	Dec. 6-7	30 antlerless	Park Office 515-432-1852	Boone Co. Recorder 515-433-0514	Firearms
Linn County Zone	All Seasons	750 antlerless	Linn Co. Recorder 319-892-5420	Linn Co. Recorder 319-892-5420	Archery & Firearms
Maquoketa Caves State Park	Oct. 1 - Dec. 21 Nov. 8-16	10 antlerless 15 antlerless	Park Office 563-652-5833	BP Convenience Store 563-652-5976	Archery Muzzleloader
Muscatine (City)	Sept. 13 - Jan. 25	200 antlerless 6 any deer	Parks & Recreation 563-263-0241	Scott's Outdoors 563-264-0056	Archery Only
Ottumwa (City)	Sept. 13 - Jan. 25	300 antlerless 18 any deer	Ottumwa Police 641-683-0661	Wapello Co. Recorder 641-683-0045	Archery Only
Palisades Kepler State Park	Oct. 1 - Jan. 10	100 antlerless 1 any deer	Park Office 319-895-6039	Great Outdoor Traditions 319-364-2200	Archery Only
Pella (City)	Sept. 13 - Jan. 25	50 antlerless	Pella City Clerk 641-628-4173	Theisen's of Pella 641-620-8223	Archery Only
Pella (Perimeter)	All Seasons	100 antlerless	Iowa DNR 515-975-8318	Theisen's of Pella 641-620-8223	Archery & Firearms

2008 - 2009 Deer Population Management Zone Hunts

Area	Season Dates	# of Licenses	Where to Apply	License Vendor	Type
Pikes Peak State Park & McGregor (City)	Oct. 1 - Jan. 25	150 antlerless 4 any deer	Park Office 563-873-2341 City: 563-873-3795	Marquette Hardware 563-873-3521	Archery Only
Pine Lake State Park	Oct. 1 - Jan. 10	50 antlerless 1 any deer	Park Office 641-858-5832	Hardin Co. Recorder 641-939-8178	Archery Only
Reichelt Area	Sept. 27-28 Jan. 17-18	20 antlerless 20 antlerless	Rock Creek Office 641-236-3722	Rock Creek Conc. 641-236-3876	Mentor Firearms
Roberts Creek County Park	Oct. 1 - Dec. 21	30 antlerless	Park Office 641-627-5507	Theisen's of Pella 641-620-8223	Archery Only
Rock Creek State Park	Oct. 16 - Dec. 31 Nov. 15-16	50 antlerless 25 antlerless	Park Office 641-236-3722	Rock Creek Conc. 641-236-3876	Archery Only Mentor
Scott County Park	Dec. 6-7	100 antlerless	Scott County Park 563-328-3281	Gander Mountain 563-344-8880	Firearms
Smith Wildlife Area	Dec. 6-10 Dec. 13-21 Dec. 22 - Jan. 10	3 antlerless 3 antlerless 3 antlerless	Iowa DNR 712-374-3133	Manawa Park 712-366-0220	Firearm Firearm Muzzleloader
Springbrook State Park	Nov. 22-23	30 antlerless	Education Center 641-747-8383	Education Center 641-747-8383	Mentor
Springbrook State Park	Nov. 27 - Dec. 21 Dec. 13 - 14	30 antlerless 75 antlerless	Park Office 641-747-3591	Park Office 641-747-3591	Archery Only Firearms
Squaw Creek Park	Oct. 1 - Jan. 25	100 antlerless 4 any deer	Linn CCB Office 319-892-6450	Marion Live Bait 319-377-0557 Great Outdoor Traditions 319-364-2200	Archery Only
Viking Lake State Park	Nov. 15-16	50 antlerless	Park Office 712-829-2235	Viking Lake Conc. 712-829-2262	Firearms
Wapsi Environmental Center	Dec. 6-10	30 antlerless	Scott County Park 563-328-3281	Gander Mountain 563-344-8880	Firearms
Waterloo-Cedar Falls (Cities)	Oct. 13 - Jan. 10	290 antlerless 16 any deer	Hartman Reserve 319-277-2187	Dick's Bait 319-266-5253	Archery Only
WaShawtee (Waubonsie State Park)	Oct. 1 - Dec. 5 Dec. 22 - Jan. 10	50 antlerless & 3 any deer 50 antlerless	Park Office 712-382-2786	Farm Supply Depot 712-629-2825	Archery Only Muzzleloader
Wildcat Den State Park	Oct. 1 - Jan. 25	50 antlerless	Park Office 563-263-4337	Scott's Outdoors 563-264-0056	Archery Only
Polk-Dallas Zone	Sept. 13** - Jan. 25	1200 antlerless 50 any deer	Des Moines (515) 208-0310 Johnston 278-2344 Polk CCB 323-5363 Waterworks 283-8701 Saylorville 276-4656 Urbandale 278-3900 West Des Moines 222-3435 Walnut Woods 285-4502	Scheels All Sports 515-727-4065 Johnston Bait 515-254-1976 Frontier Outfitters 515-278-5500 Archery Field & Sports 515-265-6500 Happy Apple Orchard 515-981-1095	Archery Only

Licenses valid within POLK/DALLAS deer management zone in urban areas, Polk CCB properties and Saylorville Federal Lands. Local ordinances or rules apply.

2008 - 2009 Deer Population Management Zone Hunts

Area	Season Dates	# of Licenses	Where to Apply	License Vendor	Type
Polk-Dallas Rural Zone	All Seasons	400 antlerless	Iowa DNR 641-774-8536	Same as Polk-Dallas listed above	Archery & Firearms

Licenses valid within POLK/DALLAS deer management zone, outside city limits and on private property only.

*The 2008 Iowa Army Ammunition Plant hunt has been filled. Contact the IAAP for the 2009 hunt.

** Early opener is optional. Check with local city administrator to verify participation. Opener otherwise is Oct. 1.



Help Us Stop Hunger is a cooperative effort of the Iowa DNR, the Food Bank of Iowa, Iowa lockers and deer hunters in Iowa. Deer donated by hunters at HUSH lockers will go

to needy Iowans and the Food Bank of Iowa will assure it gets to them.

Any hunter can donate any legally taken deer of any sex from any season. Just take the field-dressed deer to any one of the following lockers. **Check www.iowahush.com for updates and additional lockers.**

County, City, Locker Name

Adams, Corning, Corning Meat Processing
Allamakee, Waukon, Jets Meat Processing
Allamakee, Waukon, Quillin's Food Ranch
Appanoose, Moravia, Burrell's Meat Locker
Appanoose, Moulton, Moulton Locker
Appanoose, Unionville, Perk's Processing
Benton, Newhall, Newhall Locker
Black Hawk, La Porte City, Kramer Sausage Co.
Boone, Ridgeport, Ridgeport Locker
Bremer, Frederika, Frederika Locker, LLC
Bremer, Janesville, Janesville Locker
Bremer, Sumner, Sumner Locker
Buchanan, Fairbank, Fairbank Locker
Butler, Clarksville, Orly's Locker
Calhoun, Lohrville, Lohrville Locker
Carroll, Carroll, Mike's
Carroll, Dedham, Kitt's Meat Processing
Cass, Anita, Anita Meat Processing Inc.
Cass, Atlantic, Atlantic Locker LLC
Cedar, Durant, Durant Locker
Cedar, Tipton, Tipton Locker
Cherokee, Cherokee, Cherokee Locker
Chickasaw, rural Ionia, Ohrt's Smokehouse
Clayton, Edgewood, Edgewood Locker
Clayton, Elkader, Lutz Locker
Clinton, Andover, Andover Meat Inc.
Clinton, De Witt, Matthiesen's Deer Processing
Dallas, Redfield, Redfield Locker
Davis, Pulaski, Country Cut Meats
Davis, Bloomfield, Kauffman's Custom Butchering
Delaware, Earlville, Dan's Earlville Locker
Dubuque, Epworth, Coyle Brothers
Dubuque, Sherrill, Sherrill Deer Shack
Fayette, Arlington, Edgewood Locker West
Fayette, Oran, Oran Locker
Fayette, Wadena, Tony's Wadena Locker, LLC
Fremont, Hamburg, Hamburg Locker

County, City, Locker Name

Guthrie, Bagley, Bagley Locker
Guthrie, Panora, J&J Meats & Catering
Hancock, Garner, Doc's Country Locker
Henry, Wayland, Crawford Meat Plant, Inc.
Howard, Elma, Elma Locker and Grocery Inc.
Howard, Lime Springs, Lime Springs Locker
Humboldt, Rutland, Thul's West River Meats
Ida, Holstein, Food Locker Service
Iowa, Victor, Community Locker
Jackson, Preston, Preston Meats Inc.
Jackson, Andrew, World's Best Meats
Jasper, Mingo, Mingo Locker
Johnson, Solon, Ruzicka's Meat Processing Inc.
Johnson, Tiffin, Tiffin Locker
Jones, Center Junction, Lindley Locker
Lee, Denmark, Denmark Locker Inc.
Linn, Coggon, Coggon Locker
Linn, Walker, Moore's Locker
Linn, Cedar Rapids, Polehna's
Mahaska, Leighton, Leighton Processed Meat
Marion, Melcher, Northcote Locker
Marion, Otley, Rietveld Meat Processing Inc.
Marshall, State Center, State Center Locker Inc.
Monona, Mapleton, Mapleton Processing
Muscatine, Montpelier, Steve's Meat Shop
Muscatine, West Liberty, West Liberty Locker
O'Brien, Hartley, Nelson Lockers
O'Brien, Paullina, Paullina Locker Plant
Osceola, Harris, Forbes Meat
Page, Essex, Johnson Locker
Page, Northboro, McCoy Locker
Palo Alto, West Bend, Skoglund Meats & Locker
Polk, Des Moines, Amend Packing Co.
Pottawattamie, Hancock, Hancock Frozen Foods
Pottawattamie, Minden, Minden Meat Market
Sac, Lake View, Blackhawk Meats
Sac, Odebolt, Odebolt Locker
Sac, Yetter, Yetter Locker
Scott, Davenport, Johnnie's Market Inc.
Shelby, Earling, Grosses' Locker
Shelby, Irwin, Irwin Locker & Catering
Sioux, Alton, Babcock Locker Inc.
Sioux, Orange City, Woudstra Meat Market
Taylor, Bedford, Zeb's Smokehouse
Van Buren, Milton, Milton Locker
Warren, Milo, Milo Locker
Washington, Washington, Boyd's Sausage Co.
Wayne, Humeston, Humeston Meat Locker, LLC
Webster, Fort Dodge, Sawyer's Meats of Iowa, Inc.
Winnebago, Forest City, David O. Thompson/ Bill's Supermarket
Winneshiek, Calmar, Al's Processing

2008 FALL WILD TURKEY HUNTING INFORMATION

Nonresidents are not eligible for fall turkey hunting licenses

Fall Turkey Hunting License Types, Purchase Dates, Hunting Zones, Quotas, Season Dates, Bag Limits and Sex

See p. 6.

SPECIAL REGULATIONS THAT MAY APPLY TO FALL TURKEY HUNTING

General Hunting Regulations may also apply to turkey hunters. See p. 11.

License Requirements and Fees

See p. 2, 3 and 8.

Tagging Requirements

See p. 28.

Harvest Reporting

All hunters that shoot a turkey must report the harvest through the DNR's new Harvest Reporting System. Hunters that do not shoot a turkey do not report. See p. 14 for details.

Fall Turkey Licenses

Paid Combination Gun/Bow licenses are valid only in the zone selected by the hunter when the license is purchased. Paid gun/bow licenses are sold first-come first-served until the zone quotas are filled or the end of the season, whichever comes first.

Paid Archery-only licenses are valid statewide. There are no quotas and licenses are sold until the end of the season.

Landowner-Tenant gun/bow and Landowner-Tenant archery-only licenses for eligible landowners and tenants or their family members are issued until the end of the respective season. Only one Landowner-Tenant Turkey License may be obtained per landowner family and one per tenant family. Landowner-Tenant licenses are valid only on the farm unit of the landowner or tenant. See pages 9-11 to determine who is eligible for Landowner-Tenant fall turkey licenses, and how to register as a Landowner or Tenant.

How Many Turkey Licenses May I Have?

Before November 1: A resident hunter may obtain a maximum of two fall turkey hunting licenses: Two combination gun/bow licenses, or two archery-only licenses, or one combination gun/bow license and one archery-only license. One of these licenses may be a Landowner-Tenant license if the hunter is eligible.

Beginning November 1: A third license (combination gun/bow) may be obtained in any zone where combination gun/bow quotas are not filled.

Shooting Hours

Gun: 1/2 hour before sunrise to sunset

Bow: 1/2 hour before sunrise to 1/2 hour after sunset.

Legal Method of Take

See p. 34

Use of Dogs Fall Season Only: Dogs may be used to locate, flush and retrieve wild turkeys as long as the hunter has a valid wild turkey license with an unfilled transportation tag in his or her possession.



www.iowanaturestore.com

RESIDENT SPRING TURKEY HUNTING INFORMATION

Spring Turkey Hunting License Types, Sex, Bag Limits and Season Dates

See p. 6.

SPECIAL REGULATIONS THAT APPLY TO SPRING TURKEY HUNTING

General Hunting Regulations may also apply to turkey hunters. See p. 11.

Shooting Hours

Gun/Bow: 1/2 hour before sunrise to sunset.

License Requirements and Fees

See p. 2, 3 and 8.

All paid licenses are valid statewide.

Tagging Requirements

See p. 28.

Harvest Reporting

All hunters that shoot a turkey must report the harvest through the DNR's new Harvest Reporting System. Hunters that do not shoot a turkey do not report. See p. 14 for details.

RESIDENT SPRING TURKEY LICENSES

Paid Combination Gun/Bow licenses are valid statewide in the season selected by the hunter at the time of purchase. Paid gun/bow licenses are sold until the end of the season selected at the time of purchase.

Paid Archery-only licenses are valid statewide for all 4 seasons. There are no quotas and licenses are sold until the end of the 4th season.

Landowner-Tenant Gun/Bow licenses and Landowner-Tenant Archery-only licenses for eligible landowners and tenants or their family members are sold until the end of the season selected at the time the license was purchased. See pages 9-11 to determine who is eligible for Landowner-Tenant spring turkey licenses and how to register as a Landowner or Tenant.

The following restrictions apply:

Landowner-Tenant Gun/Bow licenses are valid in the season selected by the hunter at the time of purchase. Landowner-Tenant Archery-only licenses are valid in all 4 seasons. Landowner-

Tenant licenses are valid only on the farm unit of the landowner or tenant (see p. 9-10). One Landowner-Tenant Turkey License may be obtained per landowner family and one per tenant family.

How Many Turkey Licenses May I Have?

A resident hunter may obtain a maximum of two spring turkey hunting licenses. One of these may be a Landowner-Tenant license, if the hunter is eligible.

License choices: two archery-only (**or**) one archery-only and one combination gun/bow season 4 (**or**) two combination gun/bow of which at least one must be season 4.

Legal Method of Take Spring and Fall

Resident Archery-only License: Longbows, re-curve bows, and compound bows are permitted. No explosive or chemical devices may be attached to the arrow or broadhead. Blunthead arrows with a minimum diameter of 9/16 inch may also be used. Arrows must be at least 18 inches long.

Crossbows are not legal, except that a physically disabled person incapable of shooting a bow may obtain a permit from the DNR to use a crossbow (see p. 11). Applications are available at www.iowadnr.gov under the "Licenses" section or by calling the DNR at 515-281-5918.

Resident Gun/Bow License: Archery equipment as defined above, and 10-, 12-, 16-, and 20-gauge shotguns or muzzleloading shotguns shooting number 4, 5, 6, 7 1/2 or 8 lead or nontoxic shot. Number 2 or 3 nontoxic shot may also be used. Hunters may not have shot sizes other than those listed above on their person while hunting turkeys. **Muzzleloading rifles may not be used to hunt turkeys.**

Youth Turkey Hunting Season (Residents Only)

Hunters younger than 16 years old on the day they purchase a license may participate in the Youth Turkey Season. The Youth Wild Turkey License will cost \$23 and will be a combination gun/bow license valid statewide. The youth does not have to have a Hunting License or have completed a hunter education course in order to participate. Hunters with a Youth Season License may also purchase

either a statewide Archery-only License or Gun/Bow Season 4 License.

Youth hunters must be under the direct supervision of an adult mentor while hunting during the Youth Season. The mentor must have a valid Wild Turkey License for one of the spring seasons, a valid Hunting License, and have paid the Habitat Fee if the adult is normally required to have them to hunt. The mentor must not carry a bow or firearm and must be in the direct company of the youth at all times. There may be no more than one youth with each properly licensed adult mentor. The youth and mentor must comply with all spring turkey hunting regulations.

A youth who resides with and is a member of a family of a landowner or tenant who is eligible for a Landowner-Tenant Wild Turkey Hunting License may obtain a Landowner-Tenant License for the Youth Season. The Landowner-Tenant Youth License will count as the one Landowner-Tenant Wild Turkey Hunting License the landowner or tenant family is entitled to for the spring turkey seasons.

Youth Hunters may obtain one additional gun/bow license for Season 4, or one archery only license. Hunters that are eligible for the Youth Season, but choose not to participate, may obtain two licenses for the regular spring turkey seasons like any other hunter.

How to Purchase Resident Licenses

All resident spring turkey hunting licenses may be purchased at your local ELSI agent, or ordered online at www.iowadnr.gov or through the telephone ordering system at 1-800-367-1188. **Licenses go on sale Dec. 15, 2008** and are sold through the last day of each season.

Online and telephone sales are available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week when turkey licenses are on sale. Online and telephone orders will end 10 days before the start of each season to allow time for delivery of licenses. Hunters may not go turkey hunting until the license and transportation tag is in their possession.

License fees may be charged to a Discover, MasterCard or Visa or paid by electronic check (the electronic check process will be explained when you purchase your license). ATM cards are not accepted. A nonrefundable convenience fee will be added to all telephone and online orders. All sales are final; no refunds are allowed.

Callers should be prepared to provide name, address, phone number, season and zone choice, credit card number or blank check, and either social security number (see social security statement on p. 7), Iowa driver's license or non-operator's identification number, or their IDNR number from a previous ELSI license purchase. Hunters required to have hunter education certification and who have not previously purchased through ELSI may be asked to FAX a copy of their hunter education card or letter to the telephone order center before calling the toll free number to purchase a license. The FAX number is 615-263-4271.

Prohibited Devices and Activities

You may not use live decoys, dogs (except in the fall), horses, radios, motorized vehicles, aircraft, bait, recorded or electronically amplified turkey calls or electronically amplified imitations of turkey calls or sounds when hunting turkeys. Paraplegics and single- or double-leg amputees may hunt from any stationary motor-driven conveyance. "Paraplegic" means an individual afflicted with paralysis of the lower half of the body with the involvement of both legs, usually due to disease or injury to the spinal cord.

"Bait" means grain, fruit, vegetables, nuts, hay, salt, mineral blocks, or any other natural food materials, commercial products containing natural food materials, or by-products of such materials transported to or placed in an area for the purpose of attracting wildlife. Bait does not include food placed during normal agricultural activities.

Helping Other Hunters

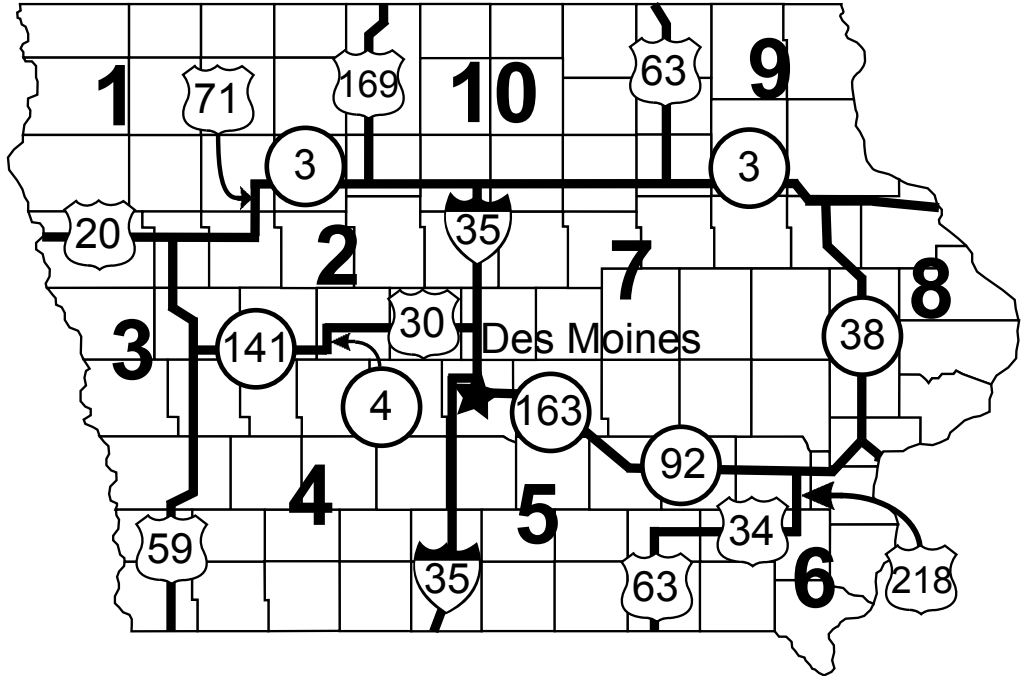
A **resident** hunter with a valid spring turkey hunting license for any season may assist other hunters in any season. A **nonresident** may assist other hunters only in the zone and season indicated on their license. The hunter doing the assisting may not carry a shotgun or bow or shoot a turkey unless he or she has a valid license and an unfilled transportation tag for that zone and season.

NONRESIDENT DEER HUNTING

Nonresident Deer Hunting Zones

Nonresidents must have a 2008 Nonresident Deer Hunting License, a 2008 Nonresident Small Game Hunting License and have paid the 2008 Habitat Fee to hunt deer in Iowa.

Nonresidents must apply for an any-deer license beginning at 6 a.m. on the **first Saturday in May through the first Sunday following Memorial Day**. The non-resident application will be available in April. Licenses may be applied for through the DNR's web-based license sales system or by calling 1-800-367-1188. For more information, visit the Iowa DNR website at www.iowadnr.gov or call 515-281-5918.



2008 Nonresident Antlerless-only License Quotas

LYON	OSCEOLA	DICKINSON	EMMET	KOSSUTH	WINNEBAGO	WORTH	MITCHELL	HOWARD	WINNESHIEK	ALLAMAKEE	
0	0	0	0		0	10	10	25	95	165	
SIoux	O'BRIEN	CLAY	PALO ALTO		HANCOCK	CERRO GORDO	FLOYD	CHICKASAW	FAYETTE	CLAYTON	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	20	95	195	
PLYMOUTH	CHEROKEE	BUENA VISTA	POCAHONTAS	HUMBOLDT	WRIGHT	FRANKLIN	BUTLER	BREMER			
10	0	0	0	0	0	10	10	20			
WOODBURY	IDA	SAC	CALHOUN	WEBSTER	HAMILTON	HARDIN	GRUNDY	BLACK HAWK	BUCHANAN	DELAWARE	DUBUQUE
25	0	0	0	10	10	10	0	0	10	35	45
MONONA	CRAWFORD	CARROLL	GREENE	BOONE	STORY	MARSHALL	TAMA	BENTON	LINN	JONES	JACKSON
40	10	10	10	20	15	20	25	15	30	45	50
HARRISON	SHELBY	AUDUBON	GUTHRIE	DALLAS	POLK	JASPER	POWESHIEK	IOWA	JOHNSON	CEDAR	CLINTON
40	10	10	70	45	35	35	20	35	45	20	35
POTTAWATTAMIE	CASS	ADAIR	MADISON	WARREN	MARION	MAHASKA	KEOKUK	WASHINGTON	MUSCATINE	SCOTT	
45	25	55	80	75	50	35	55	50	35	10	
MILLS	MONTGOMERY	ADAMS	UNION	CLARKE	LUCAS	MONROE	WAPELLO	JEFFERSON	HENRY	LOUISA	DES MOINES
30	35	55	60	65	65	95	60	60	50	30	25
FREMONT	PAGE	TAYLOR	RINGGOLD	DECATUR	WAYNE	APPANOOSE	DAVIS	VAN BUREN	LEE		
35	45	95	75	85	85	90	120	165	50		

NONRESIDENT SPRING TURKEY HUNTING

License applications accepted **Dec. 15 through Jan. 25, 2009**

License Quotas: Combination Gun/Bow

(Number in parenthesis is number of applications received in 2008)

	<u>Zone 4</u>	<u>Zone 5</u>	<u>Zone 6</u>	<u>Zone 7</u>	<u>Zone 8</u>
Season 1	262 (317)	55 (61)	165 (136)	35 (18)	20 (13)
Season 2	262 (187)	55 (29)	165 (65)	35 (18)	20 (21)
Season 3	262 (292)	55 (75)	165 (129)	35 (10)	20 (22)
Season 4	262 (429)	55 (78)	165 (171)	35 (13)	20 (20)

Muzzleloading Shotgun-only licenses: 150 statewide (49)

SEASON DATES

Season 1	April 13 - 16
Season 2	April 17 - 21
Season 3	April 22 - 28
Season 4	April 29 - May 17

HOW TO PURCHASE NONRESIDENT LICENSES

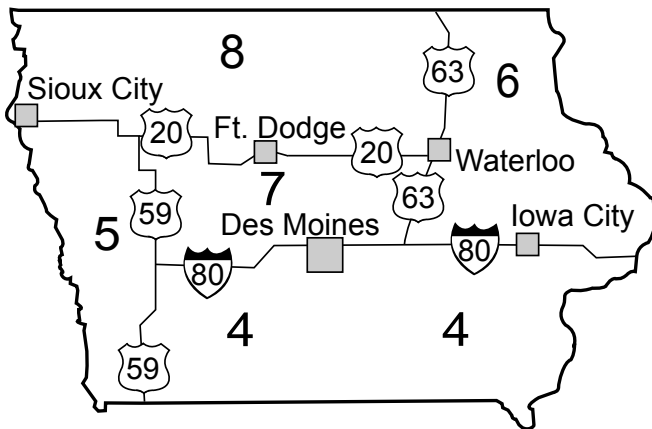
Telephone and Internet Orders Only

Applications for nonresident Spring Wild Turkey Hunting Licenses must be purchased online at www.iowadnr.gov or through the ELSI telephone ordering system at 1-800-367-1188. Applications may be purchased 24 hours a day, 7 days a week from **Dec. 15, 2008**, through **Jan. 25, 2009**. A nonrefundable application fee will be added to all telephone and online orders. The application and license fees may be charged to a MasterCard, Visa, Discover or paid by electronic check (the electronic check process will be explained when you apply). ATM cards are not accepted.

If applications are sold in excess of the license quota for any zone and season, a drawing will be held to determine which applicants receive licenses. Licenses or license fee refunds will be mailed to unsuccessful applicants 6 to 8 weeks after the drawing is complete. License agent writing fees, department administrative fees, and Internet and telephone application fees will not be refunded.

If any license quota has not been filled, the excess licenses will be sold online or through the telephone ordering system beginning **6 a.m. Feb. 7, 2009**, until the quotas are filled or the last day of the respective season, whichever comes first. Hunters may determine their drawing status through the DNR's website at www.iowadnr.gov/wildlife. Please do not call the DNR. Your drawing status will not be provided over the phone.

Purchases are subject to an application fee which is based on a percentage of the total license cost and will be provided at the time of application.



Nonresident License Types

Nonresidents may obtain one Spring Turkey License. Two types of licenses are issued:

Combination Gun/Bow Licenses are issued by zone and season and are valid only in the zone and season selected by the hunter at the time of purchase. A maximum of 2,148 licenses are available for 2009. Licenses are issued by a random drawing from a pool of applicants for each zone and season. Shotguns, muzzleloading shotguns, and bows may be used.

Muzzleloading Shotgun-only Licenses are issued by zone and season from a statewide pool of 150 licenses. Hunters may select any zone and season, but must hunt only in that zone and season. Only muzzleloading shotguns may be used.

Individual or Group Applications

Hunters may apply individually or as a group of up to 15 applicants, with one member identified as the group leader. Members of a group must apply separately. The group leader must apply first and state that he/she is the group leader and obtain a DNR customer identification number (ID#). Then each member of the group must submit the group leader's ID# when applying. **If there is a drawing, all members of the group will be assigned the preference point(s) of the member with the fewest points.** All members of a group will be accepted or rejected together in the drawing. Members of a group that are rejected may purchase excess licenses individually if any are available.

Preference Points

If you are unsuccessful in the drawing, you will be assigned one preference point. An additional preference point will be assigned each year you apply but are denied a license. Preference points will not accrue in a year in which you fail to apply, but you will retain all preference points earned in previous years. Once you receive a Spring Turkey Hunting License, either through the drawing or by purchasing an excess license, your preference points will be removed. Preference points may be used in any zone or season. The first license drawing each year will be made from the pool of applicants with the most preference points and continue to pools with successively fewer points.

To Expedite Your Application...

Fill out the applicant information on the form (next page), select your zone and season, and have your personal identification number (social security number or IDNR customer number from a previous ELSI purchase) and your credit card or blank check ready when you call. Hunters required to have hunter education certification and who have not previously bought a license through ELSI may be required to FAX a copy of their hunter education certification card or letter to the telephone order center before calling the toll free

number to apply. The FAX number is 615-263-4271. The license ordering number is 1-800-367-1188.

Include the **Applicant Information** on bottom of next page.

SPECIAL HUNTING REGULATIONS THAT APPLY TO ALL TURKEY HUNTERS

"General Hunting Regulations" may also apply to turkey hunters. See p. 11.

Shooting Hours

Gun/Bow: 1/2 hour before sunrise to sunset.

Tagging Requirements and Harvest Reporting

See p. 28.

Legal Method of Take

■ **Nonresident Gun/Bow License (Spring Only):** Archery equipment as defined on p. 34, and 10-, 12-, 16-, and 20-gauge shotguns or muzzle-loading shotguns shooting number 4, 5, 6, 7 1/2 or 8 lead or nontoxic shot. Number 2 or 3 nontoxic shot may also be used. Hunters may not have shot sizes other than those listed above on their person while hunting turkeys. **Muzzleloading rifles may not be used to hunt turkeys.**

■ **Nonresident Muzzleloading Shotgun-only License (Spring Only):** Muzzleloading shotguns shooting number 4, 5, 6, 7 1/2 or 8 lead or nontoxic shot. Number 2 or 3 nontoxic shot may also be used. Hunters may not have shot sizes other than those listed above on their person while hunting turkeys. **Muzzleloading rifles may not be used to hunt turkeys.**

Tagging Requirements

Turkey hunters must shoot and tag their own turkey and may not tag a turkey shot by another hunter.

Immediately upon killing a turkey the date of kill must be filled out on the transportation tag issued with the license. The transportation tag must be attached to one leg of the turkey in such a manner that it cannot be removed without mutilating or destroying the tag. The tag must be attached before

the carcass can be moved in any manner from the place of kill. The leg that bears the tag must be attached to the carcass when the turkey is being transported within the state during any wild turkey hunting season. The tag shall be proof of possession of the carcass by the licensee. The transportation tag must remain attached to the leg until the turkey is processed for consumption. See p. 28 for tagging and reporting requirements.

Harvest Reporting Requirements

All hunters who shoot a turkey must report the harvest through the DNR’s Harvest Reporting System. A confirmation number supplied by the Harvest Reporting System must be written on the Harvest Report Tag after the animal is reported. Hunters that do not shoot a turkey do not report. See “Harvest Reporting” on p. 14 for details.

Daily Bag and Season Possession Limit

One bearded or male wild turkey per license and unfilled transportation tag issued to the hunter.

Prohibited Devices and Activities

You may not use live decoys, dogs, horses, radios, motorized vehicles, aircraft, bait, recorded or electronically amplified turkey calls or electronically amplified imitations of turkey calls or sounds when hunting turkeys. Paraplegics and single- or double-leg amputees may hunt from any stationary

motor-driven conveyance. “Paraplegic” means an individual afflicted with paralysis of the lower half of the body with the involvement of both legs, usually due to disease or injury to the spinal cord.

“**Bait**” means grain, fruit, vegetables, nuts, hay, salt, mineral blocks, or any other natural food materials, commercial products containing natural food materials, or by-products of such materials transported to or placed in an area for the purpose of attracting wildlife. Bait does not include food placed during normal agricultural activities.

Helping Other Hunters

A **resident** hunter with a valid spring turkey hunting license for any season may assist other hunters in any season. A **nonresident** may assist other hunters only in the zone and season indicated on their license. The hunter doing the assisting may not carry a shotgun or bow or shoot a turkey unless he or she has a valid license and an unfilled transportation tag for that zone and season.

APPLICANT INFORMATION

This aids in the phone order process
— DO NOT MAIL

Zone Number	<input type="checkbox"/>	Comb. Gun/Bow	<input type="checkbox"/>
Season Number	<input type="checkbox"/>	Muzzleloading	<input type="checkbox"/>
		Shotgun-Only	<input type="checkbox"/>

Name _____

Address _____

City _____

State _____ Zip _____

Phone _____

Hgt. _____ Wgt. _____ Eyes _____ Gender _____

Date of Birth _____

Group Leader’s
IDNR Customer
Number (if applicable) _____

Your Social Security or
IDNR Customer Number _____

OTHER INFORMATION

GOING OUT OF STATE TO HUNT?

DNR Regulations Prohibits Bringing Back Big Game Carcasses

To reduce the chances of accidentally introducing Chronic Wasting Disease (CWD) to Iowa, DNR regulations prohibit bringing back whole carcasses of deer, elk, moose or caribou into the state from areas where CWD has been identified, whether they were taken from the wild, free ranging animals or shot on a hunting preserve. CWD has been identified in parts of Colorado, Illinois, Kansas, Minnesota, Nebraska, New Mexico, New York, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Utah, West Virginia, Wisconsin and Wyoming; and Saskatchewan and Alberta, Canada. More areas could be added at any time. To find out if your proposed hunt falls in one of these areas, contact the fish and wildlife agency in the state where you plan to hunt.

If you take a deer, elk, moose or caribou in a CWD area, you may bring back only the boned out meat, skin (cape) and antlers. Antlers may be attached only to a clean skull plate from which all brain and connective tissue have been removed. Animals taken outside of identified CWD areas may be transported in any manner that is otherwise legal.

CHRONIC WASTING DISEASE

Chronic Wasting Disease (CWD) is a neurologic disease of deer and elk, belonging to the family of diseases known as transmissible spongiform encephalopathies (TSEs) or prion diseases. Though it shares certain features with other TSEs, like bovine spongiform encephalopathy (“Mad Cow Disease”) or scrapie in sheep, it is a distinct disease affecting only deer and elk. Currently, CWD has been detected in free-ranging populations in Colorado, Illinois, Kansas, Nebraska, New Mexico, New York, South Dakota, Utah, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming and in Alberta and Saskatchewan, Canada. It has been detected in captive facilities in Colorado, Kansas, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, New York, Oklahoma, South Dakota and Wisconsin and in Alberta and Saskatchewan, Canada.

It is very unlikely that CWD could be contracted by eating venison from Iowa deer. However, for concerned hunters, the best preventive

measures are:

- Avoid shooting obviously sick or emaciated deer.
- Wear latex or rubber gloves while field dressing to reduce the chance of contracting any disease.
- Bone out the meat from your animal.
- Minimize the handling of and avoid eating the brain, spinal cord, eyes, spleen, tonsils and lymph nodes of harvested animals.
- Wash hands and instruments thoroughly after field dressing is completed.
- Thoroughly cook all meat (or meat products like sausage or jerky) until juices run clear.

Any dead deer that is obviously emaciated or with unnatural lesions or growths on the internal organs or chest cavity should be reported to a biologist or Conservation Officer.

Falconry

Game may be taken by licensed falconers.

All falconers who pursue game must carry a copy of their Iowa Falconry License and have a valid resident or nonresident Hunting License and pay the Habitat Fee. Falconry regulations for hunting, including bag and possession limits and the listing of permitted game species can be found at www.iowadnr.gov/wildlife/ or by calling 515-281-5918 during the normal business hours of 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. M-F. The minimum age of falconers is 14.

Protected Nongame

Protected nongame species include wild birds, fish, bats, reptiles and amphibians or their eggs or nests, their dead body or dead body parts or a product made from their parts. Any bat, with the exception of the Indiana bat, that is found within a building occupied by humans is not protected.

Unprotected Nongame

The European starling, the house sparrow, and the common garter snake are not protected species. Timber rattlesnakes are protected in Allamakee, Clayton, Delaware, Des Moines, Dubuque, Fayette, Henry, Jackson, Jones, Lee, Madison, Van Buren and Winneshiek counties but not including an area of 50 yards around houses actively occupied by human beings in those counties.

OTHER INFORMATION

Pigeons and Crows

Pigeons may be taken by firearm from Oct. 1 to March 31. However, within 100 yards of buildings and bridges, pigeons may be taken with firearms year around. Open season for crow hunting is from Oct. 15 through Nov. 30 and Jan. 14 through March 31. If required by law a hunter must possess a hunting license and habitat stamp to hunt pigeons and crows. A migratory bird stamp is not required to hunt crows. There is no bag or possession limit or shooting hours for either pigeons or crows and the entire state is open.

Regulated Harvest and Sale of American Ginseng

Harvest season and definitions. The harvest season for wild or cultivated ginseng is from Sept. 1 to Oct. 31, each year. "Wild ginseng" means ginseng that is not grown or nurtured by a person beyond planting of local seed at the site of collection. "Cultivated ginseng" means ginseng that is artificially propagated and maintained under controlled conditions, for example, in intensively or intermittently prepared or managed gardens or patches, under artificial or natural shade.

Permits and root retention. To harvest wild ginseng, you must have a valid harvester's permit which costs \$11 per year. The permit is also required for harvesting wild ginseng on your own land. Permits may be purchased through the ELSI system from Dec. 15 through Oct. 31. Harvesters with valid Iowa Ginseng Harvesters' Permits may sell wild ginseng from Sept. 1 through March 15 of the following year. All state parks and preserves are closed to the harvest of ginseng.

Only those ginseng plants with three or more true leaves (prongs) can be harvested. Harvesters with valid Iowa Ginseng Harvester permits may retain no more than 4 ounces of dry wild ginseng for personal consumption for one year beyond the expiration date of the permit.

If you cultivate ginseng you must have a grower's permit valid for five years from the date of issue. A grower's permit costs \$1 and must be renewed within 60 days of expiration.

If you buy and sell wild or cultivated ginseng, you must have a dealer's permit which costs \$100. A dealer's permit must be filed with the DNR at least 15 days prior to the Sept. 1 ginseng season opening. Dealer permits are valid from Sept. 1 through Aug. 31 of the following year. Dealers must keep record of their transactions and report them annually by April 15 on forms provided by the DNR.

Shipping certificates are free to ginseng growers or dealers and \$5 per certificate for harvesters. Contact the Central Office in Des Moines for a

DNR weighing station nearest you. Appointments required.

Violations of the administrative rules or the code sections regulating ginseng are subject to a scheduled fine of \$100. In addition, any person convicted of unlawfully harvesting wild ginseng will be required to reimburse the state at 150 percent of the ginseng's market value as determined by the department.

Taxidermy

A taxidermist is a person engaged in the business of preserving or mounting game, fish or furbearing animals. A license is required for anyone to practice taxidermy and the taxidermist must contact a DNR officer prior to operating. A licensed taxidermist may possess at any time game, fish or furbearing animals which have been lawfully taken. A taxidermist shall keep accurate records of transactions showing the numbers and kinds of specimens received for preserving, the date of acquisition and the name and address of the owner of the specimens. A taxidermy license may be revoked for good cause.

You cannot put or leave any game, fish or furbearing animal in the custody of another person for the purpose of having taxidermy services performed unless each specimen has a tag attached which is signed by the possessor and states the address of the possessor, the total number and species of the specimens and the date the specimens were killed. All transactions, tags and specimens left in the custody of the taxidermist by another person shall be open to inspection by a conservation officer at any reasonable hour. A federal permit is required for activities involving migratory birds. Obtain the permit by contacting U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service at 612-713-5449.

Dog Restrictions

Rabies vaccination. Hunters bringing dogs four months of age or older into Iowa must have in their possession a health certificate verifying the rabies and other vaccinations of the dog(s).

Where restricted. Dogs are prohibited on all state-owned game management areas, between March 15 and July 15 of each year; except that dog training is permitted on designated training areas. Field and retriever meets are restricted to designated sites.

A permit must be obtained from the DNR for field and retriever meets. The permit shall show the exact designated site of the meet and all dogs shall be confined to that site.

OTHER INFORMATION

Training dogs. You need to have a valid Hunting License and have paid the Habitat Fee to train a bird dog on game birds. An Iowa Migratory Bird Fee and Federal Waterfowl Stamp are required if using waterfowl taken from the wild. A valid Furharvester License and habitat fee is required to train a coon hound, fox hound or trailing dog on any furbearing animals at any time of the year, including during the closed season on such birds or animals. The animals, when pursued to a tree or den, shall not be further chased or removed in any manner from the tree or den. You must have a Hunting License or a Furharvester License and habitat fee to train a dog on coyote or groundhog.

Only a pistol, revolver or other gun shooting blank cartridges shall be used while training dogs during closed seasons.

If you have a dog entered in a licensed field trial you do not need any type of Hunting License to participate in the event or to exercise your dog on the area on which the field trial is to be held during the 24-hour period preceding the trial.

Pen-raised game birds may be used and shot in the training of bird dogs. Before any bird is released or used in the training of dogs, the bird must be banded with a band from the DNR. Contact the DNR at 515-281-5918.

Precautions About Lead in Venison

Deer that are shot with bullets containing lead can have particles of lead remaining in the meat, some too small to be seen or felt. Although lead can be harmful to humans, even in very low amounts, there is no known evidence that links human consumption of venison to lead poisoning. Children under 6 years and pregnant women are at the greatest risk from lead exposure. Since 1992, about 500,000 Iowans under 6 years and 25,000 adults have been tested for lead poisoning, and no elevated blood lead levels have been attributed to venison or any other wild game.

The following suggestions can minimize potential exposure to lead in venison:

- Remind your meat processor to, or if you process your own venison, trim a generous distance away from the wound channel and discard

any meat that is bruised, discolored, or contains hair, dirt or bone fragments.

- Avoid consuming internal organs.
- Practice marksmanship and outdoor skills to get closer, cleaner, lethal shots away from major muscle areas. (Don't shoot at running deer.)
- Consider alternative non-lead ammunition such as copper or others that have high-weight retention.

At press time for this booklet, the National Centers for Disease Control had begun a study about human blood levels and venison consumption. It is expected by October 2008 that additional information will be available at www.iowadnr.gov.

Feral Hogs

Feral hogs are trying to gain a foothold in certain parts of Iowa. They use heavy cover, are difficult to find and even more difficult to hunt. Hunters are encouraged to watch for feral hogs while out hunting other species and to kill them on sight. It is legal to kill feral hogs on your own property and on public lands where hunting is allowed.



Image Credit:
NASA/Kennedy Space Center

Trespassing on private land to shoot a feral hog is not allowed.

Feral hogs are not native to Iowa and no permit is needed to take a feral hog.

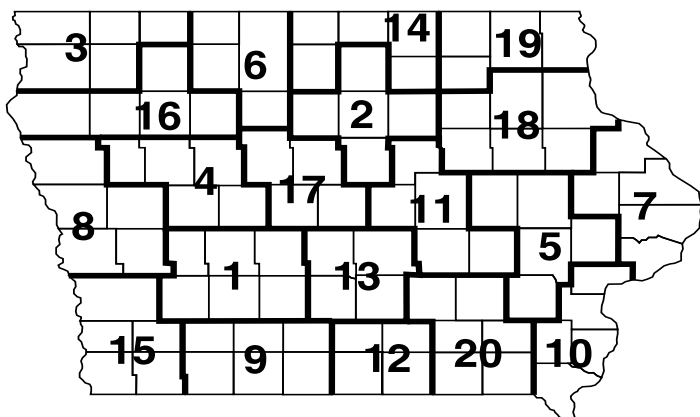
Feral hogs are aggressive and prone to attack. They spread diseases to humans, pets and domestic animals. These animals damage crops and forest lands which contributes to soil erosion and siltation. They also compete with native wildlife for food. They eat anything they can catch including reptiles, amphibians, deer fawns, bird eggs and newly born livestock.

If you should happen to kill a feral hog, contact the local wildlife biologist (see p. 43). The DNR would like to collect a blood sample.

Phone Numbers

Wildlife Management Biologists

- | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------|
| 1. Bays Branch Wildlife Unit | 515-250-4271 |
| 2. Big Marsh Wildlife Unit | 641-330-0241 |
| 3. Big Sioux Wildlife Unit | 712-330-4543 |
| 4. Black Hawk Wildlife Unit | 712-330-2777 |
| 5. Coralville Wildlife Unit | 319-330-7013 |
| 6. Ingham Wildlife Unit | 712-330-2563 |
| 7. Maquoketa Wildlife Unit | 563-357-2035 |
| 8. Missouri River Wildlife Unit | 712-420-2437 |
| 9. Mount Ayr Wildlife Unit | 515-238-5708 |
| 10. Odessa Wildlife Unit | 319-523-8319 |
| 11. Otter Creek Wildlife Unit | 641-751-3945 |
| 12. Rathbun Wildlife Unit | 641-414-1513 |
| 13. Red Rock Wildlife Unit | 515-238-6936 |
| 14. Rice Lake Wildlife Unit | 641-425-2814 |
| 15. Riverton Wildlife Unit | 712-350-0147 |
| 16. Ruthven Wildlife Unit | 712-330-2563 |
| 17. Saylorville Wildlife Unit | 712-330-6685 |
| 18. Sweet Marsh Wildlife Unit | 563-920-2997 |
| 19. Upper Iowa Wildlife Unit | 563-380-3422 |
| 20. Wapello Wildlife Unit | 641-799-0792 |



For questions concerning wildlife damage to private property, contact:

East 1/3 of Iowa

Greg Harris, 1023 W. Madison, Washington, 52353
 Office319-653-2135
 Cell319-330-5578

West 2/3 of Iowa

Bill Bunger, 1555 118th Ave., Indianola, 50125
 Cell515-975-8318

REGIONAL OFFICES

(DNR Fish, Game and Law Enforcement)

HEADQUARTERS

Wallace State Office Bldg., 502 E. 9th St.,
 Des Moines 50319-0034 515-281-5918

NORTHWEST

Spirit Lake Fish Hatchery, 122 252nd Ave.,
 Spirit Lake 51360 712-336-1840

NORTH-CENTRAL

Fish and Wildlife Station, 1203 North Shore Dr.,
 Clear Lake 50428 641-357-3517

NORTHEAST

Manchester Fish Hatchery, 22693 205th Ave.,
 Manchester 52057 563-927-3276

SOUTHWEST

Cold Springs State Park, 57744 Lewis Rd.,
 Lewis 51544..... 712-769-2587

SOUTH-CENTRAL

Wallace State Office Bldg., 502 E. 9th St.,
 Des Moines 50319-0034 515-281-8174

SOUTHEAST

Lake Darling State Park, 110 Lake Darling Rd.,
 Brighton 52540 319-694-2430

DISTRICT OFFICES

Black Hawk Office, 116 South State Road,
 Lake View 51450 712-657-2638

Chariton Research Station, Red Haw State Park,
 24570 Hwy. 34, Chariton, 50049 641-774-2958

Rathbun Fish Hatchery, 15053 Hatchery Place,
 Moravia 52571 641-647-2406

For information on the following species, contact:

Waterfowl and Furbearers

Fish and Wildlife Station, 1203 N. Shore Drive,
 Clear Lake 50428 641-357-3517

Nongame Wildlife, Pheasants, Quail and Rabbits

Wildlife Research Station, 1436 255th Street,
 Boone 50036 515-432-2823

Deer, Wild Turkey and Ruffed Grouse

Fish and Wildlife Station, 24570 US Hwy. 34, Red Haw
 State Park, Chariton 50049 641-774-2958

Cell Phone Numbers For Conservation Officers

Co. #	Officer	Cell Phone	Co. #	Officer	Cell Phone
1	Adair	-Eric Sansgaard712-250-0303	53	Jones	-Mike Macke319-480-0397
2	Adams	-Andrea Bevington.....712-520-0508		-Vacant	563-543-5259
3	Allamakee	-Bill Collins563-380-0801	54	Keokuk	-Jacob Fulk.....319-653-1636
		-Vicky Hanson563-380-0800	55	Kossuth	-Virginia Ashby.....712-260-1003
4	Appanoose	-Dallas Davis.....641-777-2163	56	Lee	-Joe Fourdyce.....319-470-0788
		-Randy McPherran.....641-777-2164	57	Linn	-Aric Slotterdyk.....319-350-2863
5	Audubon	-Vacant		-Ron Lane.....	319-350-2871
6	Benton	-Brett Reece (west 1/2)641-751-0931	58	Louisa	-Larry Dessner563-260-1225
		-Ron Lane (east 1/2).....319-350-2871	59	Lucas	-Kyle Jensen.....641-414-2175
7	Black Hawk	-Mike Bonser319-240-5034	60	Lyon	-Greg Harson.....712-260-1006
		-Aron Arthur.....319-939-4448	61	Madison	-Craig Lonneman515-238-5005
8	Boone	-Mark Edwards.....515-290-0177	62	Mahaska	-Mike Ryan641-660-0741
		-Bill Fribley.....515-290-0527	63	Marion	-John Mertz641-891-2004
9	Bremer	-Mike Bonser319-240-5034		-Ken Kenyon.....	641-891-1246
		-Aron Arthur.....319-939-4448	64	Marshall	-Jeremy King.....641-751-5246
10	Buchanan	-Scott Kinseth.....563-920-0566	65	Mills	-Michael Miller.....712-520-0121
11	Buena Vista	-Brent Koppie.....712-260-1010	66	Mitchell	-Eric Johnston319-240-9174
12	Butler	-Greg Woodley.....319-240-8033	67	Monona	-Gary Sisco.....712-420-1486
13	Calhoun	-Nathan Haupert.....712-330-8462	68	Monroe	-Dallas Davis.....641-777-2163
14	Carroll	-Dan Pauley.....515-370-0422		-Randy McPherran.....	641-777-2164
15	Cass	-Eric Sansgaard.....712-250-0303	69	Montgomery	-Deb Howe.....712-520-0507
16	Cedar	-Shawn Meier.....319-530-6121	70	Muscatine	-Tom Campbell563-260-1223
17	Cerro Gordo	-Randy Schnoebelen641-425-0822	71	O'Brien	-Gary Biederman (east 1/2).....712-260-1004
		-Ben Bergman.....641-425-0828		-John Sells (west 1/2)	712-260-1019
18	Cherokee	-Brent Koppie (east 1/2)712-260-1010	72	Osceola	-Greg Harson.....712-260-1006
		-Chad Morrow (west 1/2).....712-260-1023	73	Page	-Deb Howe.....712-520-0507
19	Chickasaw	-Al Baxter.....319-240-6662	74	Palo Alto	-Gary Koppie712-260-1009
20	Clarke	-Craig Roberg.....641-414-2174	75	Plymouth	-Chad Morrow.....712-260-1023
21	Clay	-Gary Biederman.....712-260-1004	76	Pocahontas	-Nathan Haupert.....712-330-8462
22	Clayton	-Burt Walters.....563-880-0108	77	Polk	-Jeff Swearngin.....515-238-4849
		-Jerald Farmer.....563-880-0422		-Brandon Bergquist.....	515-238-5006
23	Clinton	-Lucas Webinger563-357-1078	78	Pottawattamie	-Brian Smith712-520-5570
24	Crawford	-Gary Sisco.....712-420-1486	79	Poweshiek	-Mike Ryan641-660-0741
25	Dallas	-Craig Lonneman515-238-5005	80	Ringgold	-Marc Roberg641-414-2173
26	Davis	-Bob Stuchel.....641-777-2169	81	Sac	-Dan Mork.....712-661-9237
		-Matt Rush.....641-777-7805	82	Scott	-Jeff Harrison563-349-9418
27	Decatur	-Craig Roberg.....641-414-2174		-Ed Kocal	563-349-8953
28	Delaware	-Aric Slotterdyk (west 1/2)319-350-2863	83	Shelby	-Dave Tierney.....712-249-2015
		-Scott Kinseth (west 1/2)563-920-0566	84	Sioux	-John Sells.....712-260-1019
		-Andrew Keil (east 1/2)563-590-1945	85	Story	-Mark Edwards.....515-290-0177
		-Mike Ouverson (east 1/2)563-590-1944		-Bill Fribley.....	515-290-0527
29	Des Moines	-Vacant		-Brett Reece	641-751-0931
30	Dickinson	-Jeff Morrison712-260-1017	86	Tama	-Andrea Bevington.....712-520-0508
		-Gary Owen712-260-1018	87	Taylor	-Marc Roberg641-414-2173
31	Dubuque	-Mike Ouverson563-590-1944	88	Union	-Chris Flynn.....641-919-9115
		-Andrew Keil563-590-1945	89	Van Buren	-Bob Stuchel.....641-777-2169
32	Emmet	-Gary Koppie712-260-1009	90	Wapello	-Matt Rush641-777-7805
33	Fayette	-David Elledge.....563-380-0497		-Craig Cutts.....	515-238-4847
34	Floyd	-Eric Johnston319-240-9174	91	Warren	-Jacob Fulk.....319-653-1636
35	Franklin	-Greg Woodley.....319-240-8033	92	Washington	-Kyle Jensen.....641-414-2175
36	Fremont	-Marlowe Wilson712-520-0506	93	Wayne	-Matt Bruner.....515-571-0127
37	Greene	-Dan Pauley.....515-370-0422	94	Webster	-Matt Washburn.....641-425-0821
38	Grundy	-Jeremy King.....641-751-5246	95	Winnebago	-Brian Roffman563-380-0496
39	Guthrie	-Vacant		-Stacey Sisco.....	712-301-6735
40	Hamilton	-Chuck Humeston515-571-7060	96	Winneshiek	-Steven Griebel712-301-4009
41	Hancock	-Ken Lonneman641-425-0823	97	Woodbury	-Matt Washburn.....641-425-0821
42	Hardin	-Chuck Humeston515-571-7060		-Ken Lonneman	641-425-0823
43	Harrison	-Dave Tierney.....712-249-2015			
44	Henry	-Les Nieland.....319-759-1957			
45	Howard	-Al Baxter.....319-240-6662			
46	Humboldt	-Matt Bruner.....515-571-0127			
47	Ida	-Dan Mork.....712-661-9237			
48	Iowa	-Brad Baker.....319-430-1630			
49	Jackson	-Vacant			
		-Mike Macke.....319-480-0397			
50	Jasper	-Kirby Bragg.....641-521-2003			
51	Jefferson	-Chris Flynn.....641-919-9115			
52	Johnson	-Erika Billerbeck.....319-330-9710			
		-Brad Baker.....319-430-1630			

RECREATION SAFETY OFFICERS

NW - Dist 1.	-Marty Eby712-260-1036	
NE - Dist 2.	-Pat Jorgensen319-240-8640	
SW - Dist 3.	-Vacant	712-250-0302
SE - Dist 4.	-Terry Nims.....563-357-1812	
NC - Dist 5.	-Jeff Barnes515-290-4907	
SC - Dist 6.	-Allen Crouse.....515-238-4955	

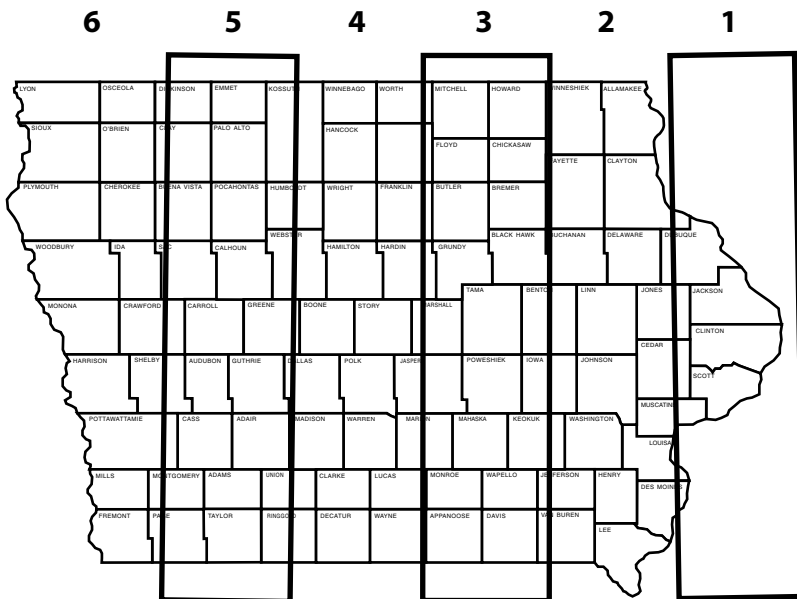
Conservation Officers

Sunrise-Sunset Table

Each schedule is based on Central Standard Time.

Add one hour for Daylight Savings Time when in effect, from the second Sunday in March to the first Sunday in November.

Day	Sept. 08		Oct. 08		Nov. 08		Dec. 08		Jan. 09		Feb. 09		Mar. 09		April 09		May 09		Day
	Rise a.m.	Set p.m.	Rise a.m.	Set p.m.	Rise a.m.	Set p.m.	Rise a.m.	Set p.m.	Rise a.m.	Set p.m.	Rise a.m.	Set p.m.	Rise a.m.	Set p.m.	Rise a.m.	Set p.m.	Rise a.m.	Set p.m.	
01	5:29	6:36	6:00	5:43	6:36	4:56	7:12	4:32	7:31	4:42	7:15	5:18	6:37	5:53	5:45	6:29	4:58	7:02	01
02	5:30	6:34	6:01	5:42	6:37	4:55	7:13	4:32	7:31	4:43	7:14	5:19	6:36	5:54	5:43	6:30	4:57	7:03	02
03	5:31	6:32	6:02	5:40	6:39	4:53	7:14	4:31	7:31	4:44	7:13	5:20	6:34	5:56	5:42	6:31	4:56	7:04	03
04	5:32	6:30	6:03	5:38	6:40	4:52	7:15	4:31	7:31	4:45	7:12	5:22	6:33	5:57	5:40	6:32	4:54	7:05	04
05	5:33	6:29	6:05	5:37	6:41	4:51	7:16	4:31	7:31	4:46	7:11	5:23	6:31	5:58	5:38	6:33	4:53	7:06	05
06	5:34	6:27	6:06	5:35	6:42	4:50	7:17	4:31	7:31	4:47	7:10	5:24	6:29	5:59	5:37	6:34	4:52	7:07	06
07	5:35	6:25	6:07	5:33	6:44	4:49	7:18	4:31	7:31	4:48	7:09	5:26	6:28	6:00	5:35	6:35	4:51	7:08	07
08	5:36	6:24	6:08	5:32	6:45	4:48	7:19	4:31	7:31	4:49	7:07	5:27	6:26	6:01	5:33	6:36	4:49	7:10	08
09	5:37	6:22	6:09	5:30	6:46	4:47	7:20	4:31	7:30	4:50	7:06	5:28	6:24	6:03	5:32	6:38	4:48	7:11	09
10	5:38	6:20	6:10	5:28	6:47	4:46	7:20	4:31	7:30	4:51	7:05	5:29	6:23	6:04	5:30	6:39	4:47	7:12	10
11	5:39	6:18	6:11	5:27	6:48	4:45	7:21	4:31	7:30	4:52	7:04	5:31	6:21	6:05	5:28	6:40	4:46	7:13	11
12	5:40	6:17	6:12	5:25	6:50	4:44	7:22	4:31	7:30	4:53	7:02	5:32	6:19	6:06	5:27	6:41	4:45	7:14	12
13	5:41	6:15	6:13	5:23	6:51	4:43	7:23	4:31	7:29	4:54	7:01	5:33	6:18	6:07	5:25	6:42	4:44	7:15	13
14	5:42	6:13	6:15	5:22	6:52	4:42	7:24	4:32	7:29	4:55	7:00	5:35	6:16	6:08	5:23	6:43	4:43	7:16	14
15	5:43	6:11	6:16	5:20	6:53	4:41	7:24	4:32	7:28	4:57	6:58	5:36	6:14	6:09	5:22	6:44	4:42	7:17	15
16	5:44	6:10	6:17	5:19	6:55	4:40	7:25	4:32	7:28	4:58	6:57	5:37	6:12	6:11	5:20	6:45	4:41	7:18	16
17	5:45	6:08	6:18	5:17	6:56	4:39	7:26	4:33	7:27	4:59	6:56	5:38	6:11	6:12	5:19	6:46	4:40	7:19	17
18	5:46	6:06	6:19	5:16	6:57	4:39	7:26	4:33	7:27	5:00	6:54	5:40	6:09	6:13	5:17	6:48	4:39	7:20	18
19	5:47	6:04	6:20	5:14	6:58	4:38	7:27	4:33	7:26	5:01	6:53	5:41	6:07	6:14	5:16	6:49	4:38	7:21	19
20	5:48	6:03	6:22	5:13	6:59	4:37	7:27	4:34	7:26	5:03	6:51	5:42	6:06	6:15	5:14	6:50	4:37	7:22	20
21	5:50	6:01	6:23	5:11	7:01	4:36	7:28	4:34	7:25	5:04	6:50	5:43	6:04	6:16	5:12	6:51	4:36	7:23	21
22	5:51	5:59	6:24	5:10	7:02	4:36	7:28	4:35	7:24	5:05	6:48	5:45	6:02	6:17	5:11	6:52	4:36	7:24	22
23	5:52	5:57	6:25	5:08	7:03	4:35	7:29	4:35	7:23	5:06	6:47	5:46	6:00	6:19	5:09	6:53	4:35	7:25	23
24	5:53	5:56	6:26	5:07	7:04	4:35	7:29	4:36	7:23	5:08	6:45	5:47	5:59	6:20	5:08	6:54	4:34	7:26	24
25	5:54	5:54	6:28	5:05	7:05	4:34	7:30	4:37	7:22	5:09	6:44	5:48	5:57	6:21	5:07	6:55	4:33	7:26	25
26	5:55	5:52	6:29	5:04	7:06	4:34	7:30	4:37	7:21	5:10	6:42	5:50	5:55	6:22	5:05	6:56	4:33	7:27	26
27	5:56	5:50	6:30	5:02	7:07	4:33	7:30	4:38	7:20	5:11	6:41	5:51	5:54	6:23	5:04	6:58	4:32	7:28	27
28	5:57	5:49	6:31	5:01	7:09	4:33	7:30	4:39	7:19	5:13	6:39	5:52	5:52	6:24	5:02	6:59	4:31	7:29	28
29	5:58	5:47	6:32	5:00	7:10	4:32	7:31	4:40	7:18	5:14			5:50	6:25	5:01	7:00	4:31	7:30	29
30	5:59	5:45	6:34	4:58	7:11	4:32	7:31	4:40	7:17	5:15			5:48	6:26	5:00	7:01	4:30	7:31	30
31			6:35	4:57			7:31	4:41	7:16	5:16			5:47	6:28			4:30	7:31	31



+20 min +16 min +12 min +8 min +4 min In Table

■ The sunrise-sunset schedule above represents Zone 1 in eastern Iowa (See map at left).

■ Add four minutes for each zone west of Zone 1 (see map).

Sunrise-Sunset Table

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